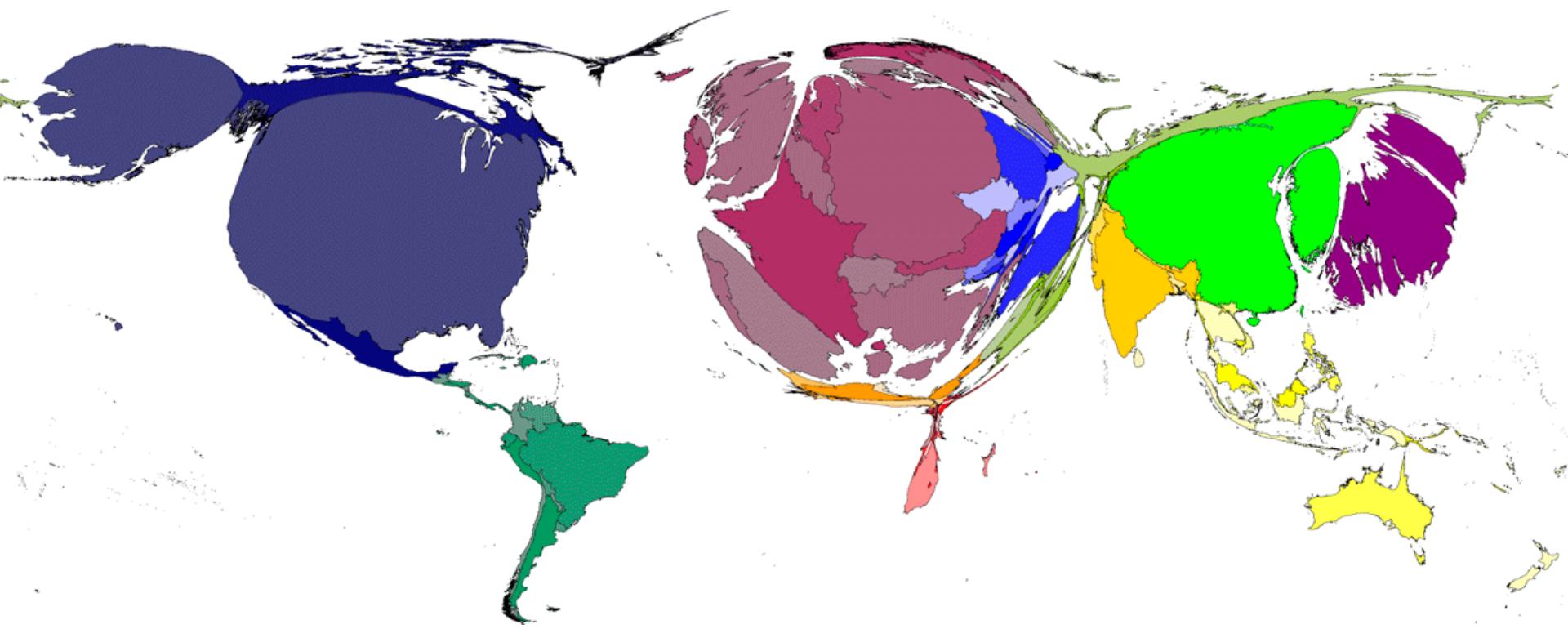


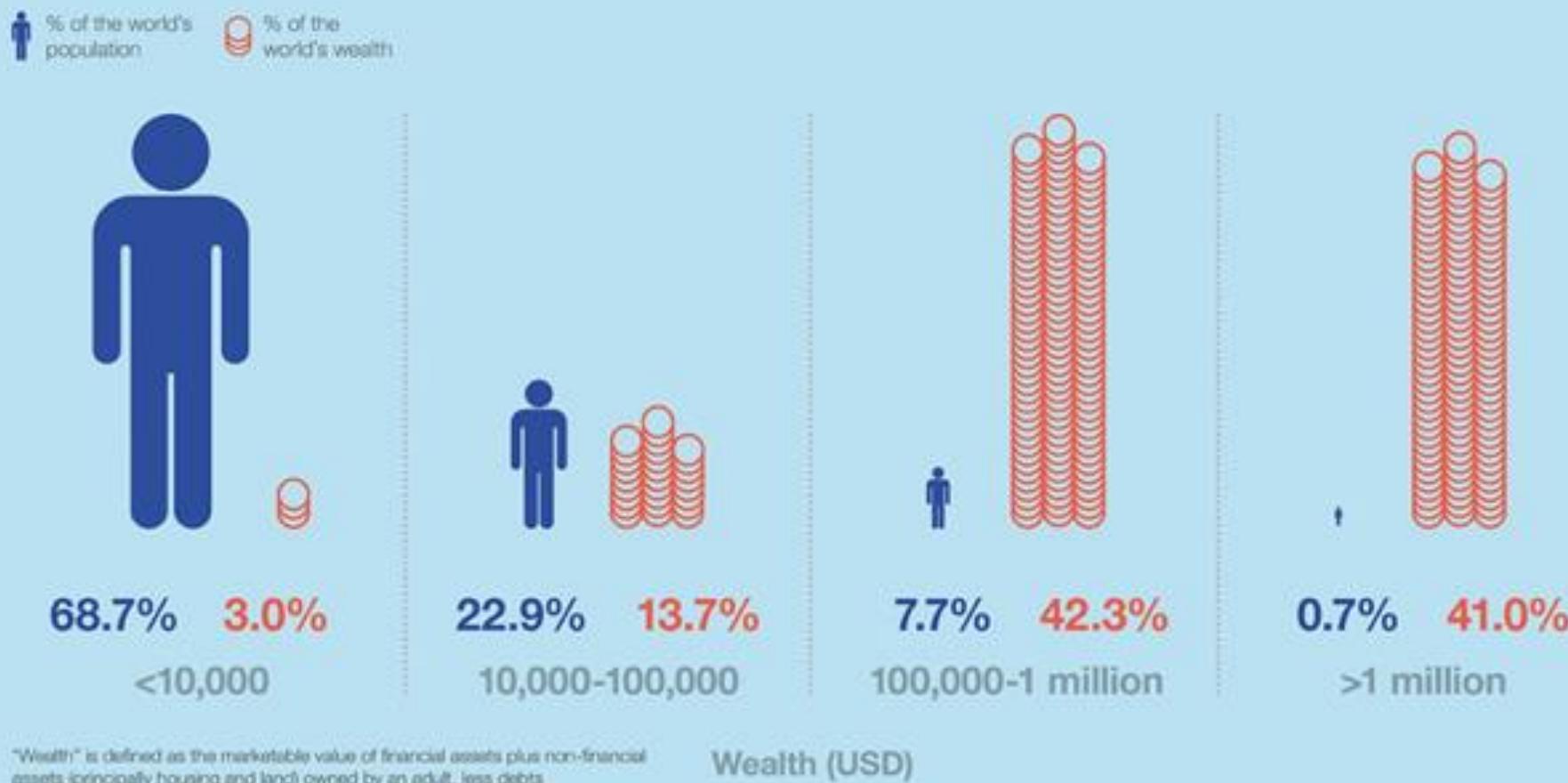
# Η Κατάσταση του Πλανήτη: Παγκόσμιες Ανισότητες

Αστέρης Χουλιάρας

Τμήμα Πολιτικής Επιστήμης & Διεθνών Σχέσεων  
Πανεπιστήμιο Πελοποννήσου

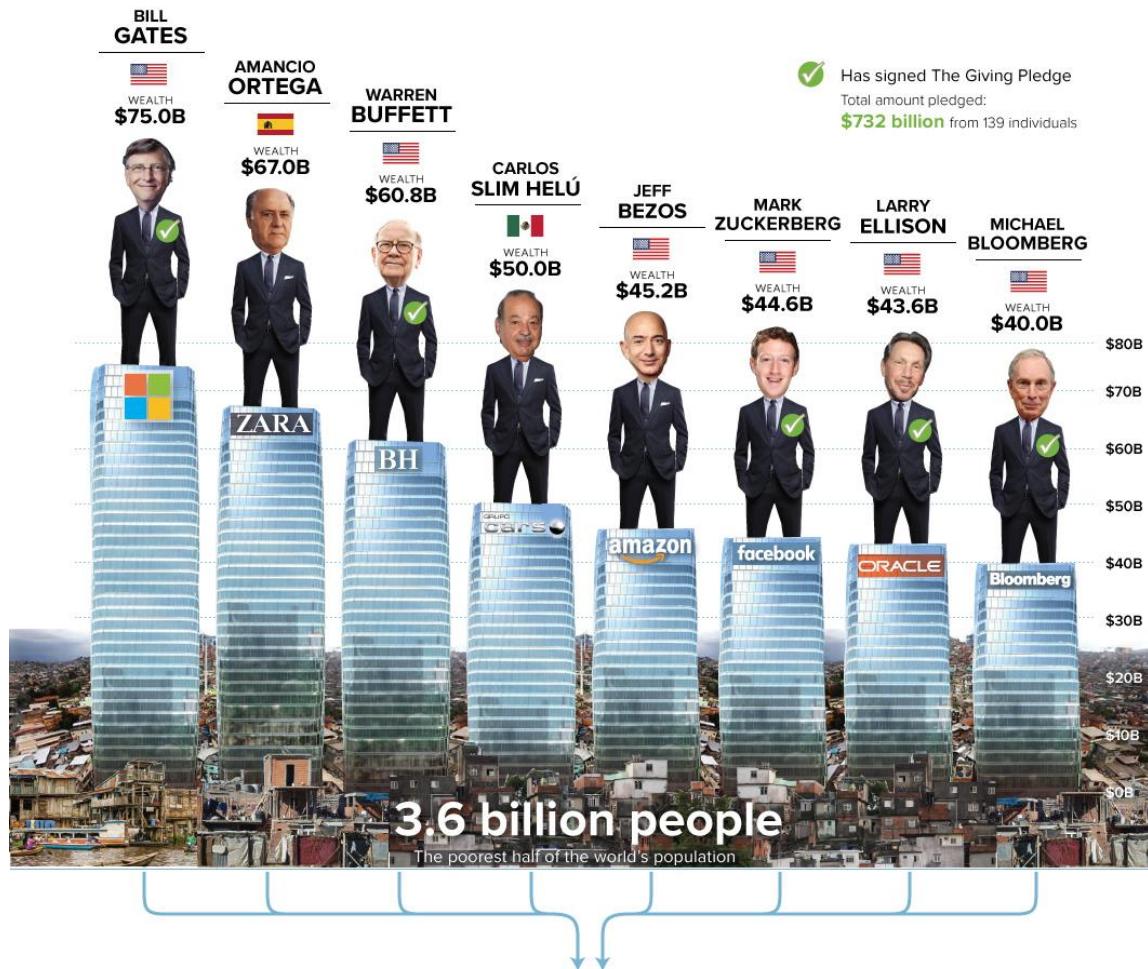


# How is the **world's wealth** shared amongst its population?



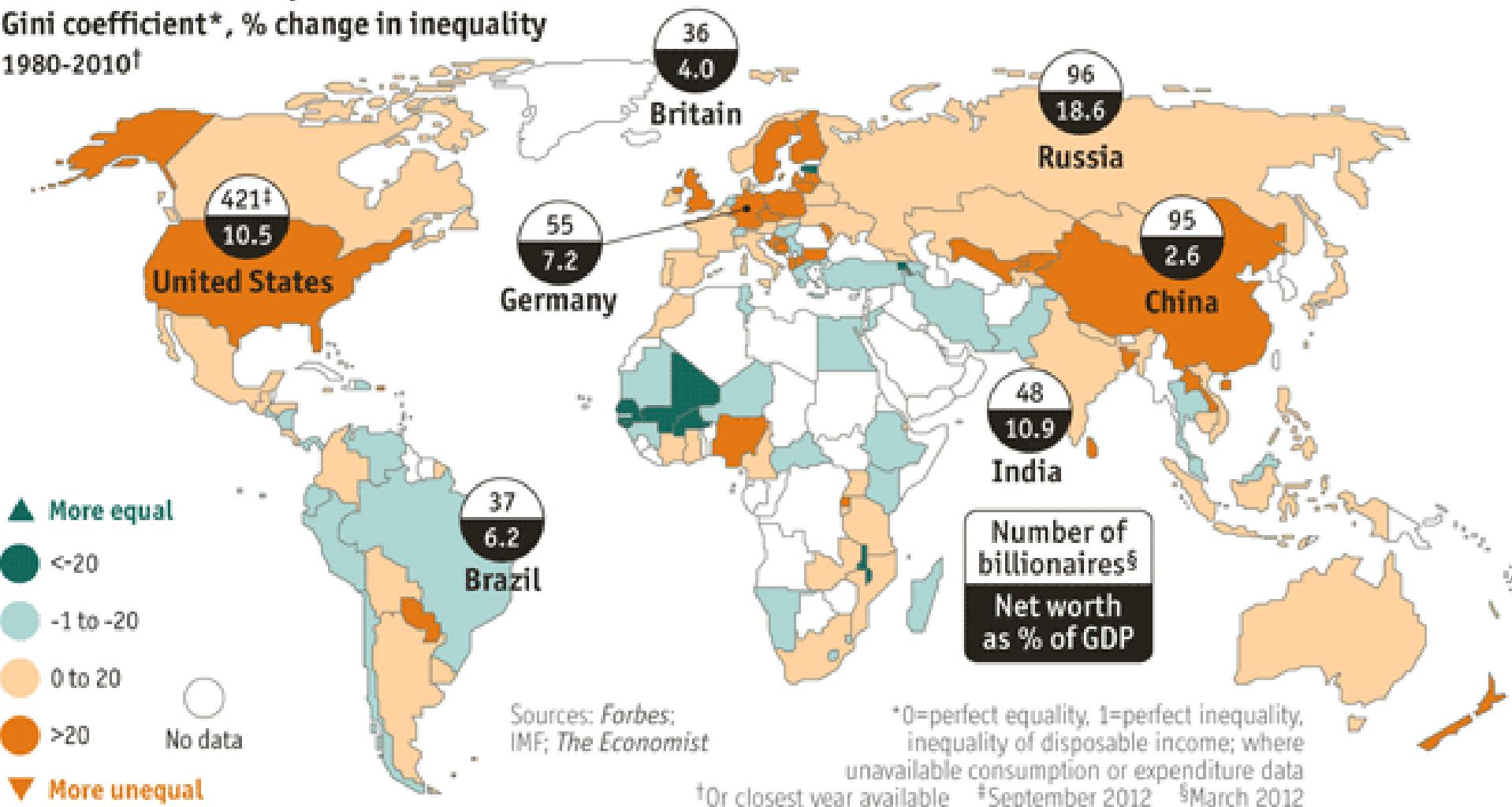
# THE OXFAM EIGHT

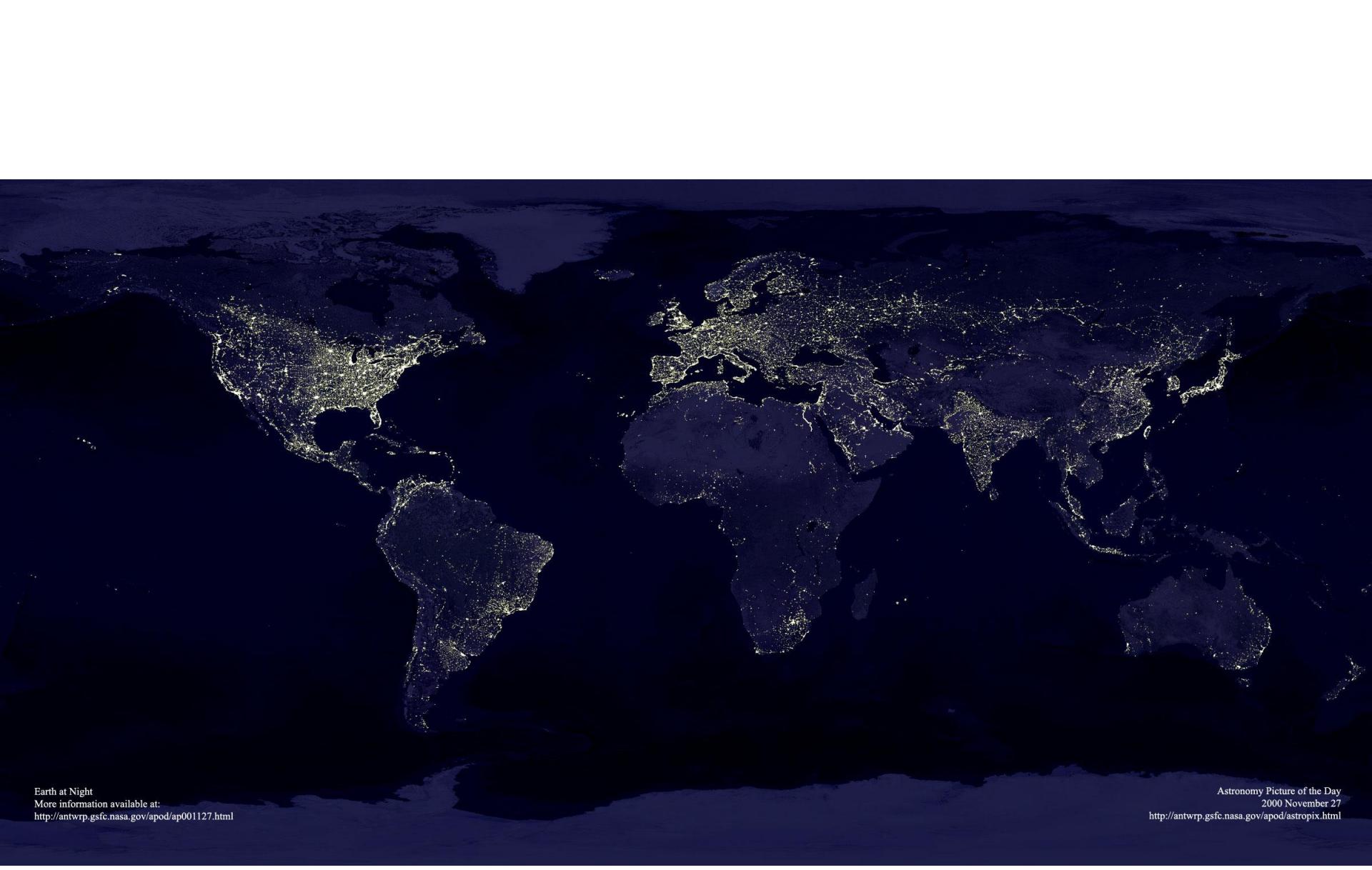
These men own the same amount of wealth as the poorest half of the world, but there's more to the story



# More or less unequal

Gini coefficient\*, % change in inequality  
1980-2010†



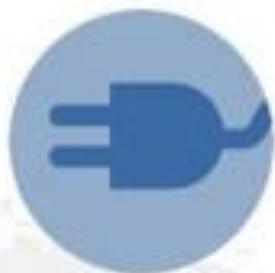


Earth at Night  
More information available at:  
<http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/ap001127.html>

Astronomy Picture of the Day  
2000 November 27  
<http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/astropix.html>



# People without electricity



## World\*

19% 1317m

12% 1036m

\*includes OECD countries,  
eastern europe and eurasia

## Latin America

7% 30m

2% 10m

## Africa

58%  
42%

587m  
646m

## Middle East

11%  
2%

21m  
5m

## China

1%  
0%

8m  
0m

## India

25%  
10%

289m

## Developing Asia excluding India and China

36%  
16%

379m

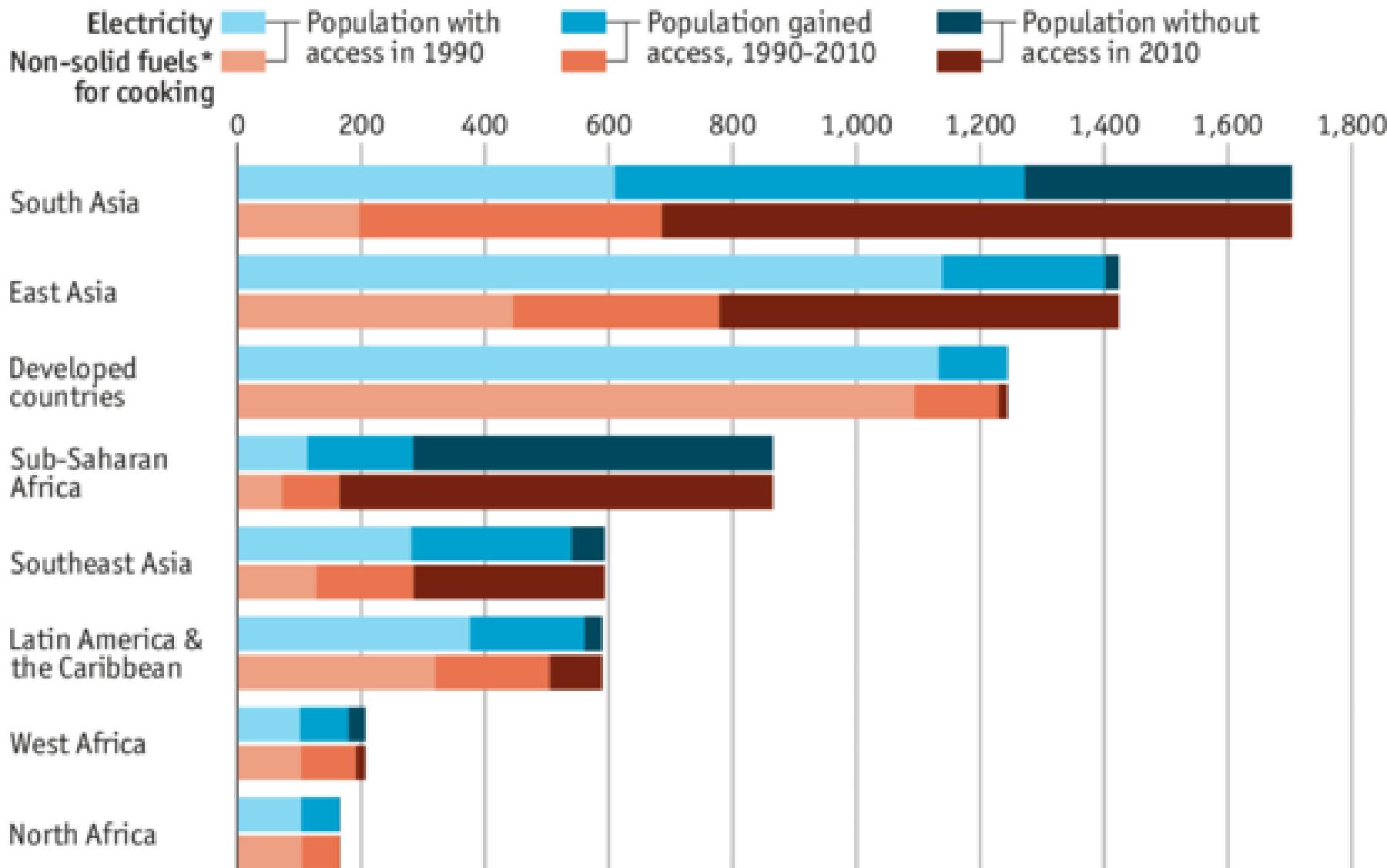
221m

YEAR	POPULATION (percentage) (millions)	
2009	10%	500m
2030	10%	600m

SOURCE: INTERNATIONAL ENERGY AGENCY

# Access to energy

Selected regions, m



Source: SE4ALL Global Tracking Framework Report

\*Includes kerosene, ethanol, natural gas and electricity

## Poverty

Population living on \$10\* or less per day, 2009 or latest available, %

less than \$1

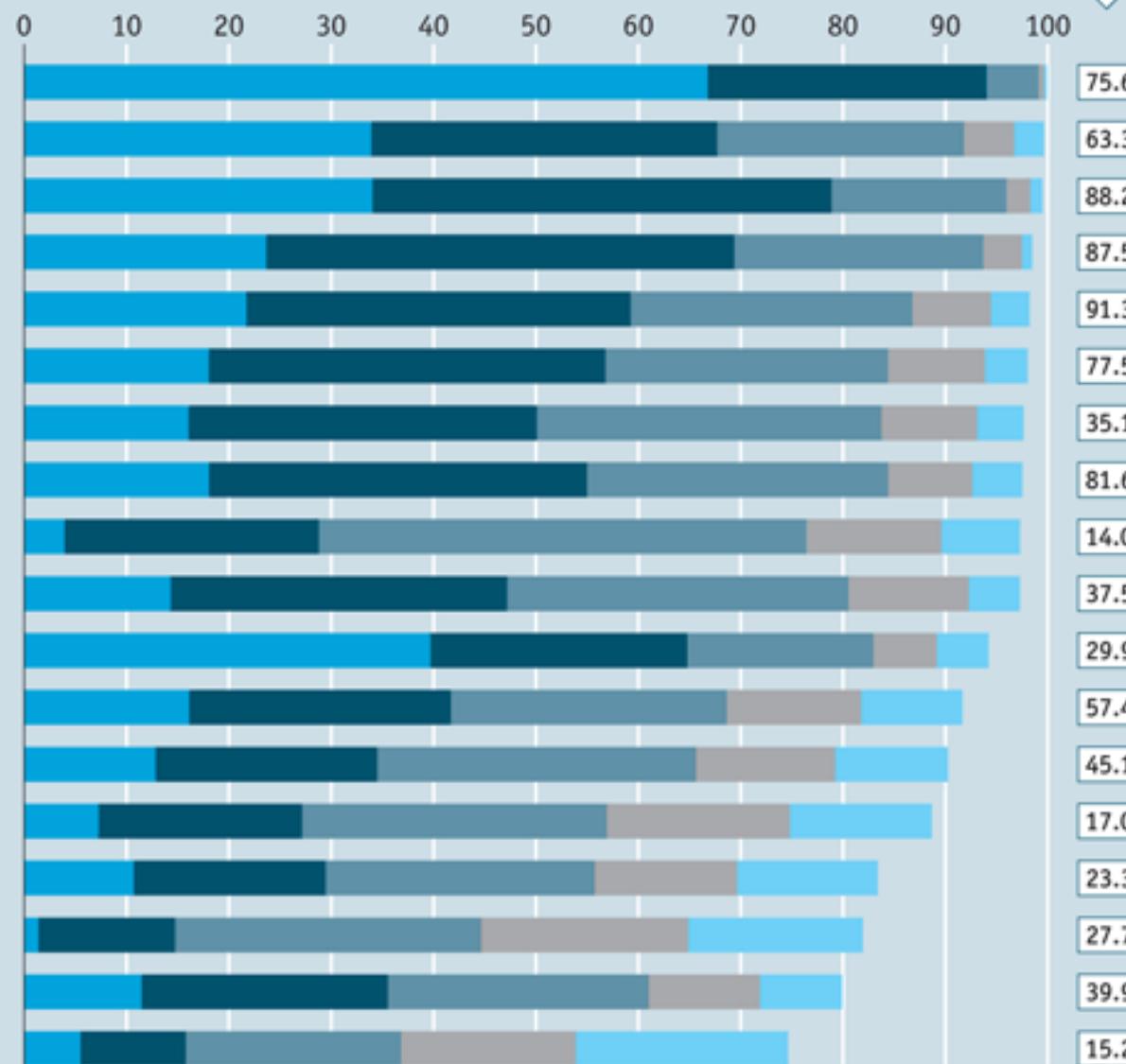
\$1 to \$2

\$2 to \$4

\$4 to \$6

\$6 to \$10

World Bank estimate of population living on less than \$2 in same year†, %

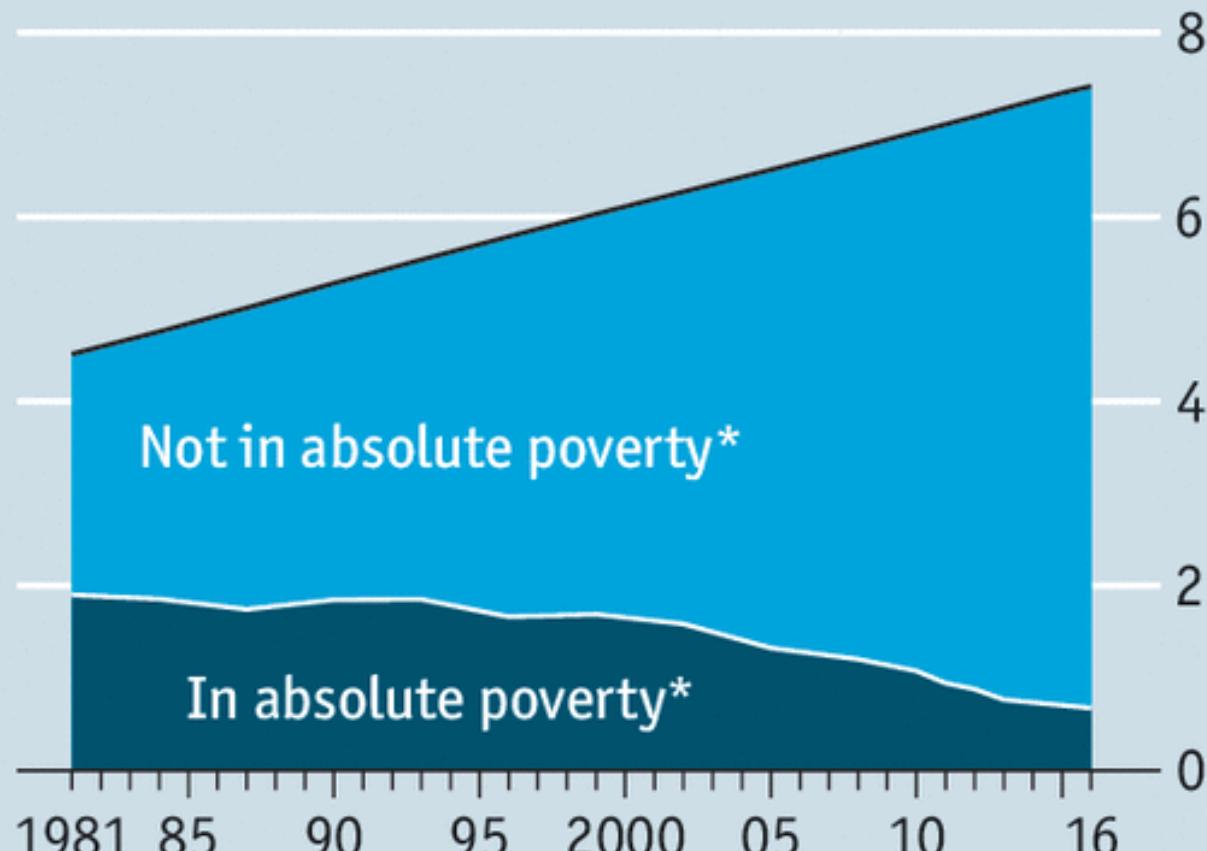


Source: "Poor Economics", by Abhijit Banerjee and Esther Duflo

\*2005\$ at purchasing-power parity †Or closest available

# Hold the champagne

Global, number of people, bn



Sources: World Bank;  
*The Economist*

\*Less than \$1.90 per day, at  
2011 purchasing-power parity

## Where misery persists

Number of people living in absolute poverty\*, bn

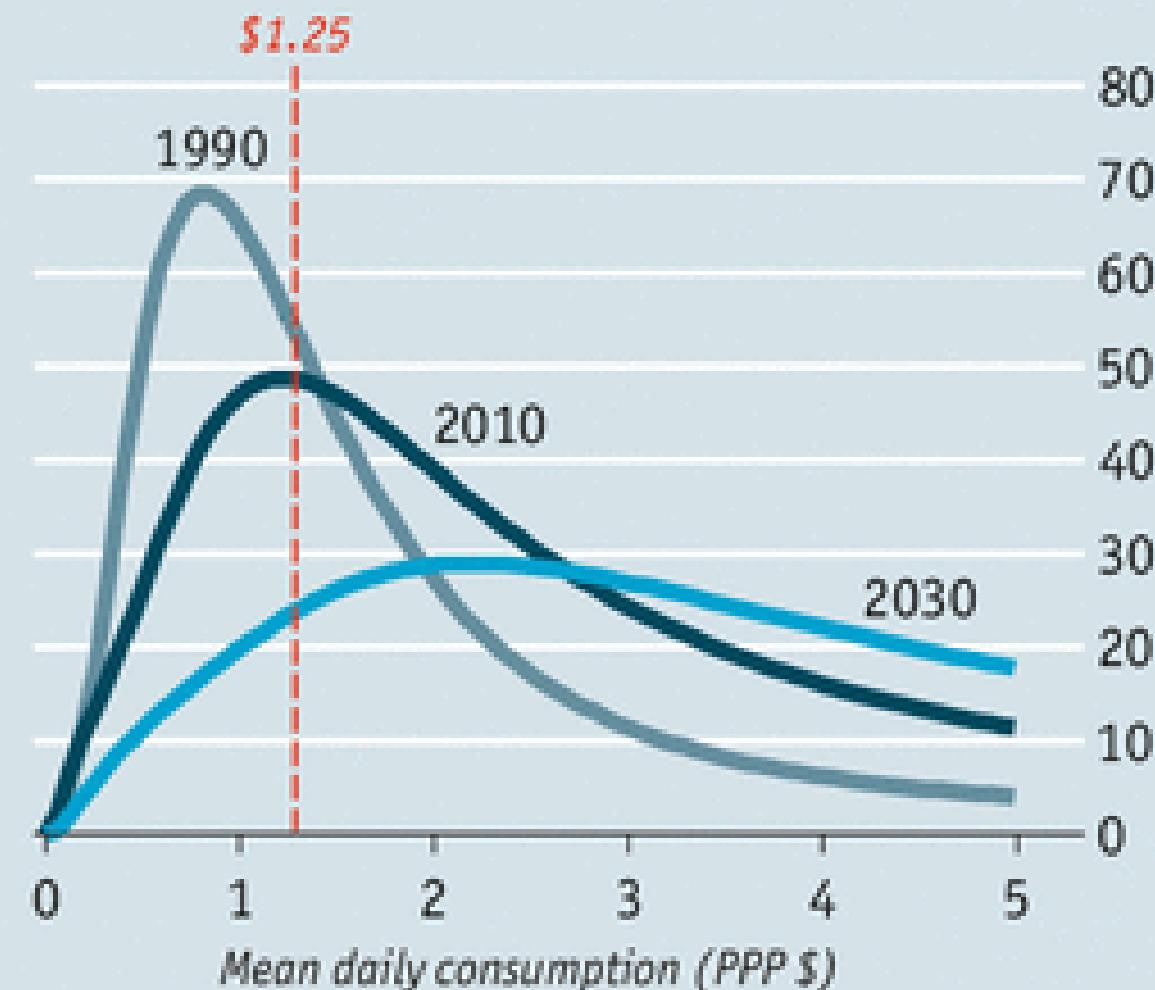


Source: World Bank

\*Less than \$1.90 per day, at 2011 purchasing-power parity

# The fireman's helmet

Number of people in poverty, m

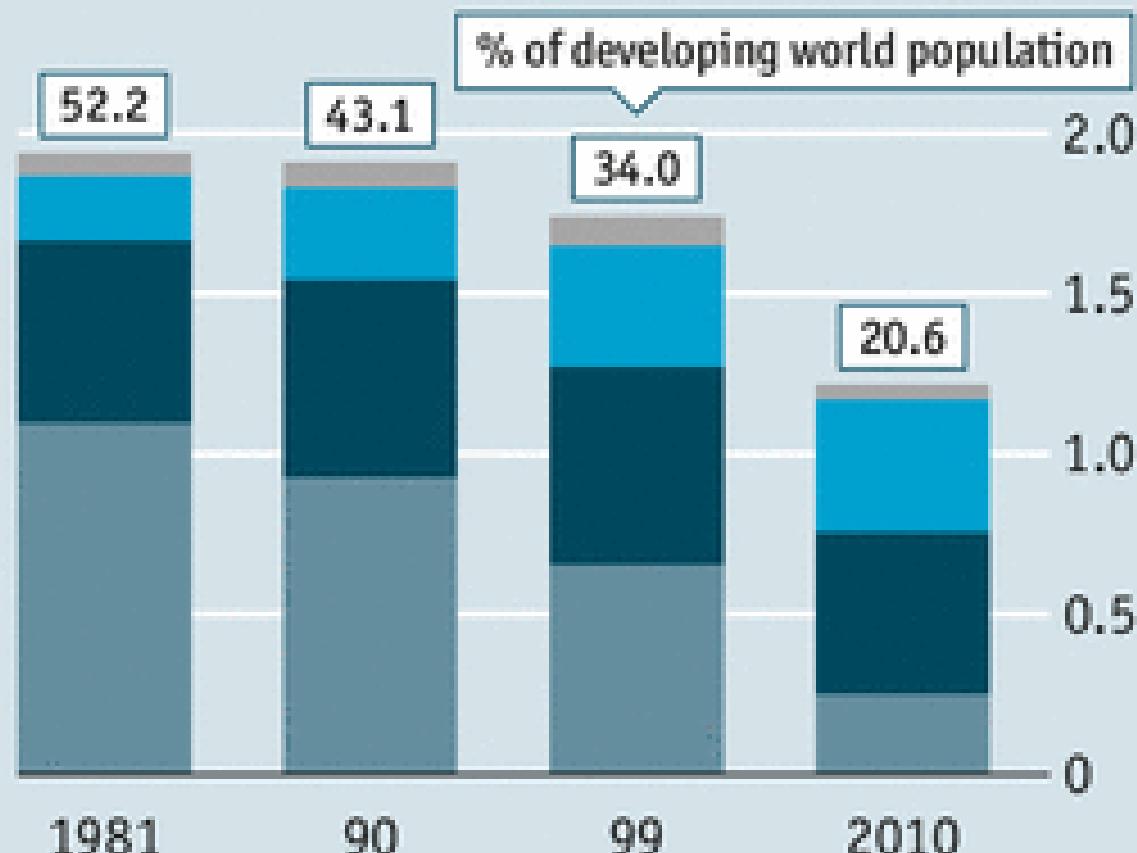


Source: Laurence Chandy, Natasha Ledlie  
and Veronika Penciakova

# Not there yet

Number of people in poverty\*, by region, bn

■ East Asia and Pacific      ■ South Asia  
■ Sub-Saharan Africa      ■ Other



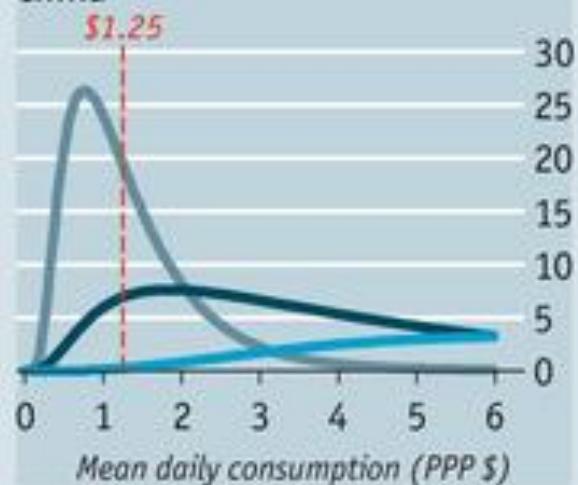
\*People living on less than  
\$1.25 a day at 2005 PPP

Source: World Bank

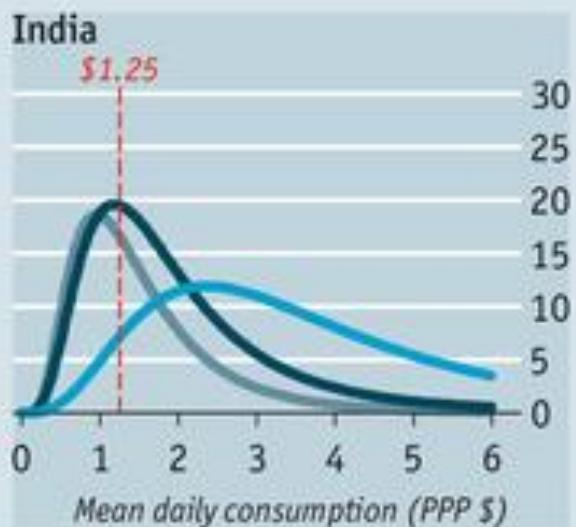
## Chapters one to three

Number of people in poverty, m

China



India

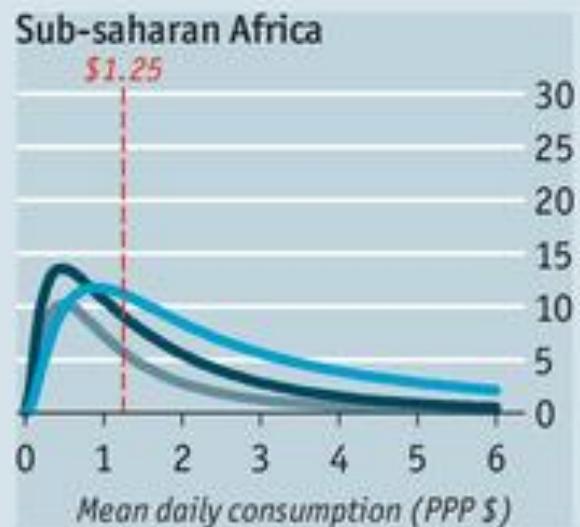


1990

2010

2030

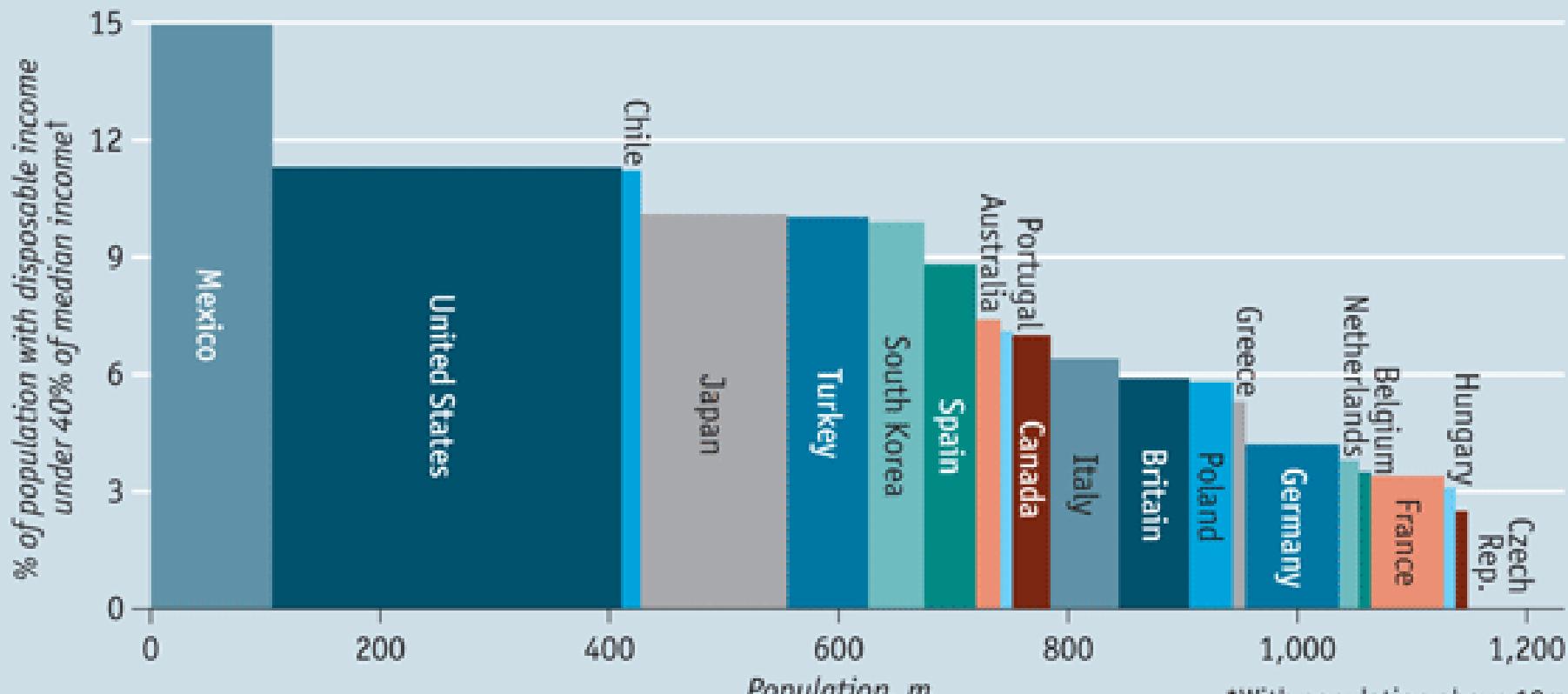
Sub-Saharan Africa



Source: Laurence Chandy, Natasha Ledlie and Veronika Penciakova

## The rich world's poor

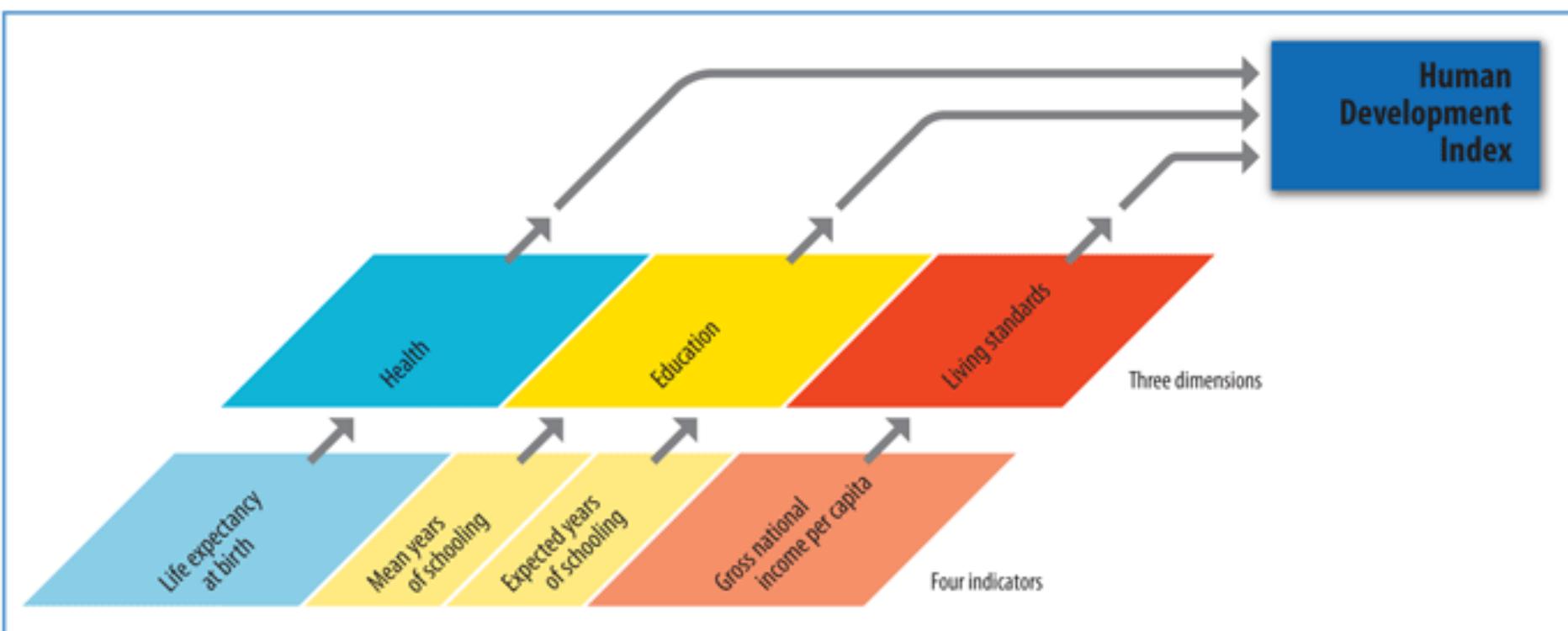
Poverty rate and population, OECD countries\*, late 2000s



Source: OECD

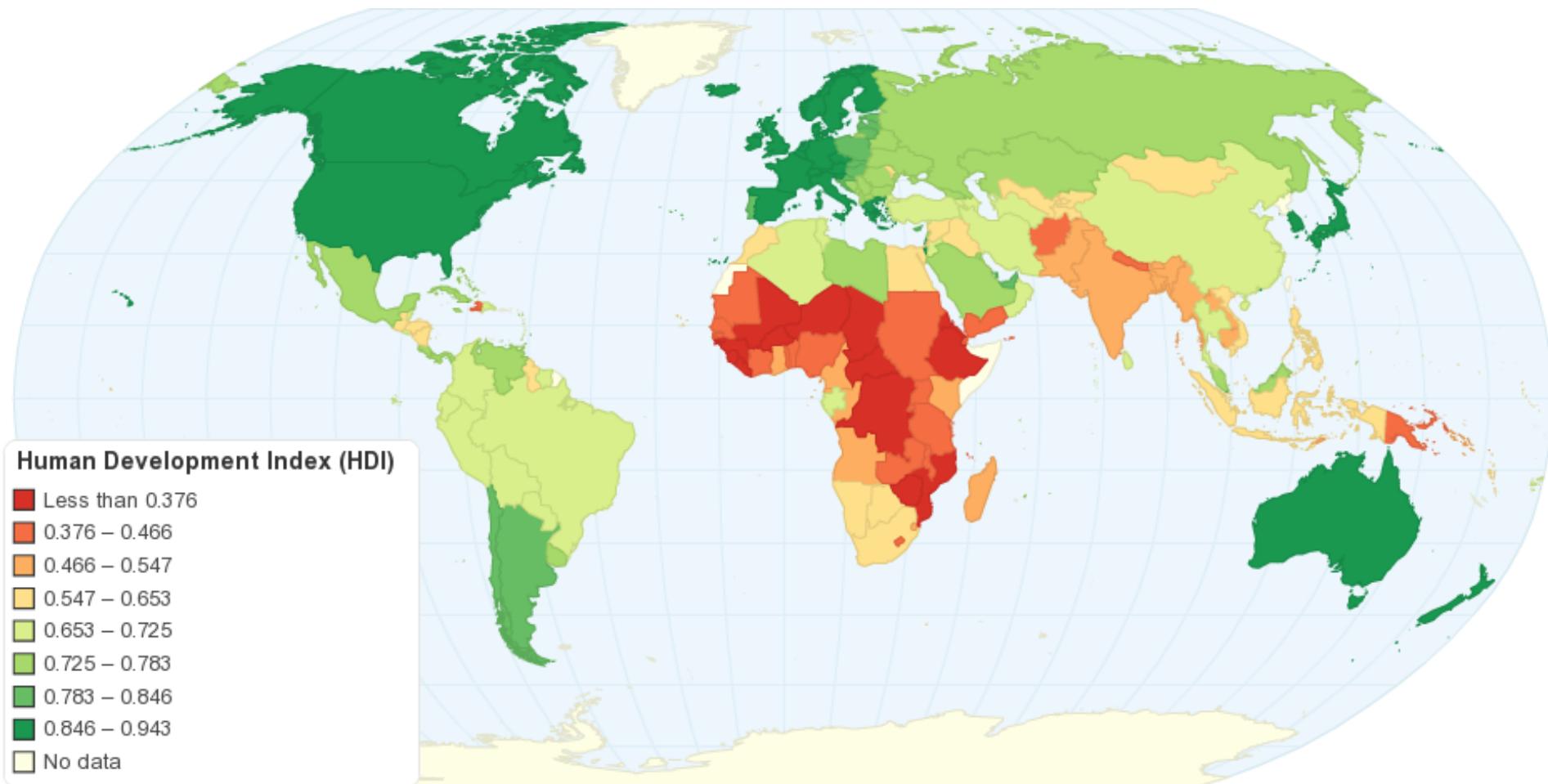
## Components of the Human Development Index

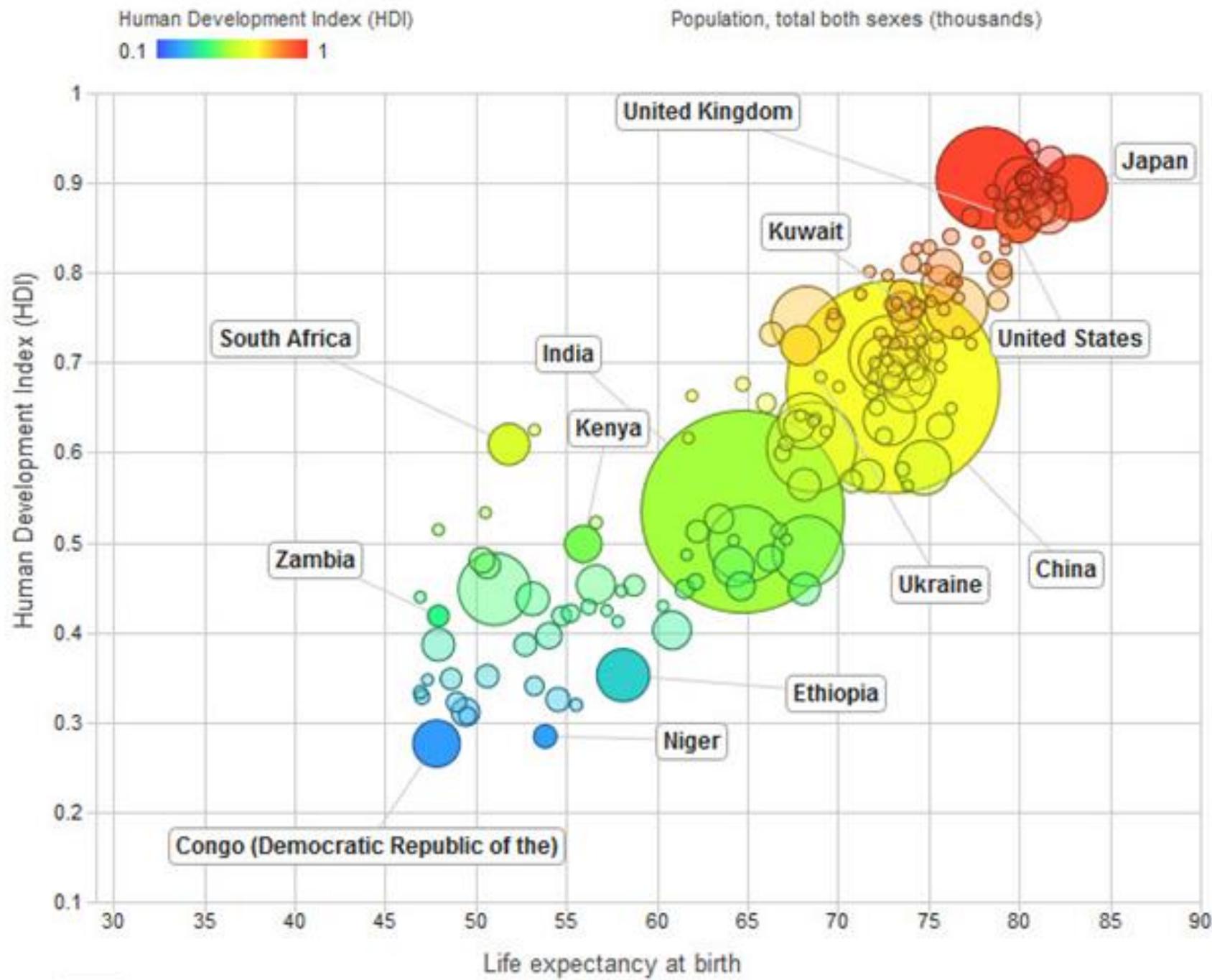
The HDI—three dimensions and four indicators



Note: The indicators presented in this figure follow the new methodology, as defined in box 1.2.

Source: HDRO.





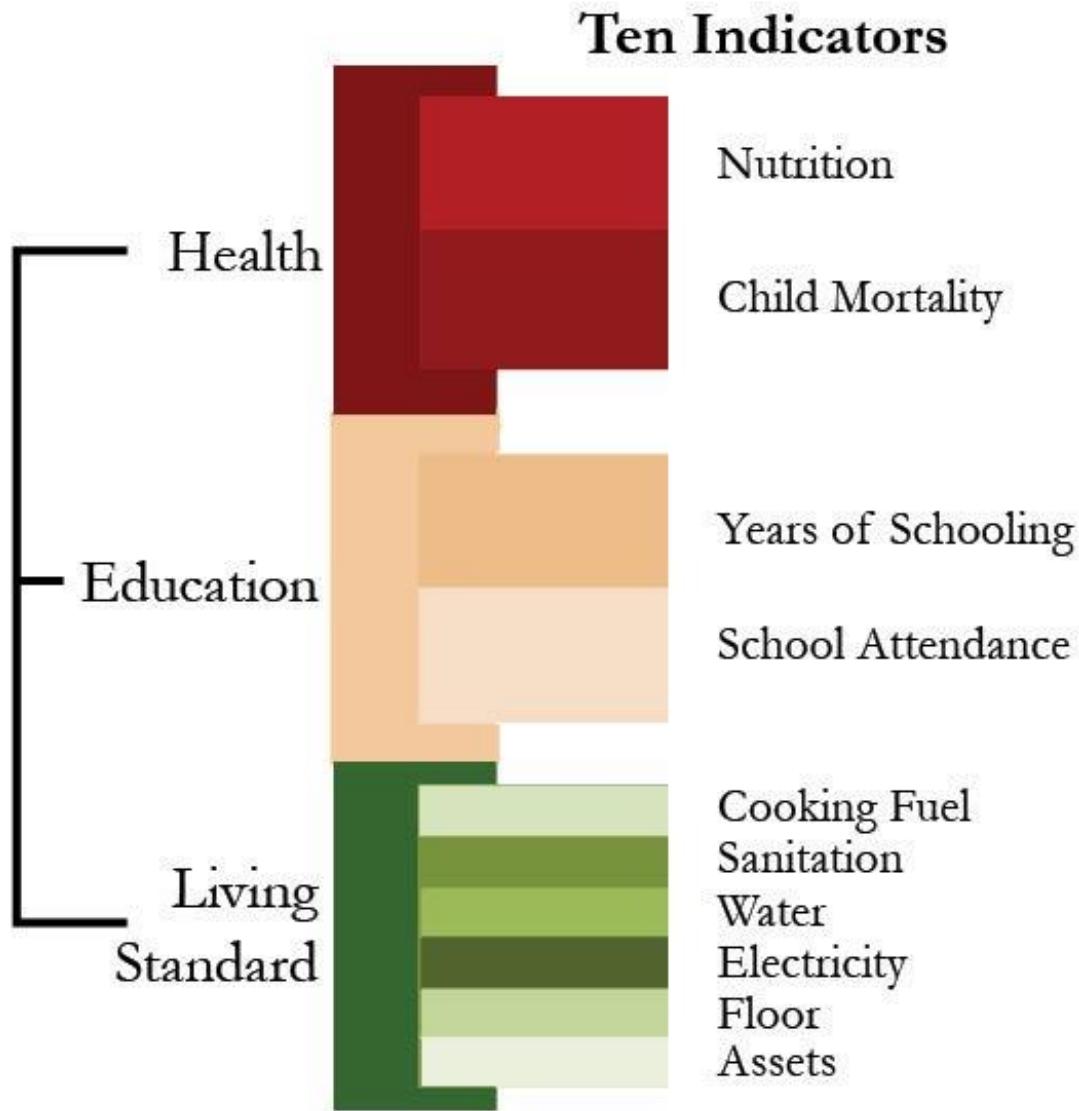
## A rich dataset

The multi-dimensional poverty index

Dimension of poverty	Indicator by household	Weight in index
Education	No one has completed five years of schooling	1/6
	A child is not attending primary school	1/6
Health	A child has died	1/6
	Anyone is malnourished	1/6
Living standard	No electricity	1/18
	No decent toilet or latrine	1/18
	No easy access to drinking water	1/18
	Has a dirt, sand or dung floor	1/18
	Cooks with dung, wood or charcoal	1/18
	No car or truck and only one out of a radio, TV, telephone, bike, motorbike or refrigerator	1/18

Source: Oxford Poverty & Human Development Initiative

## Three Dimensions of Poverty

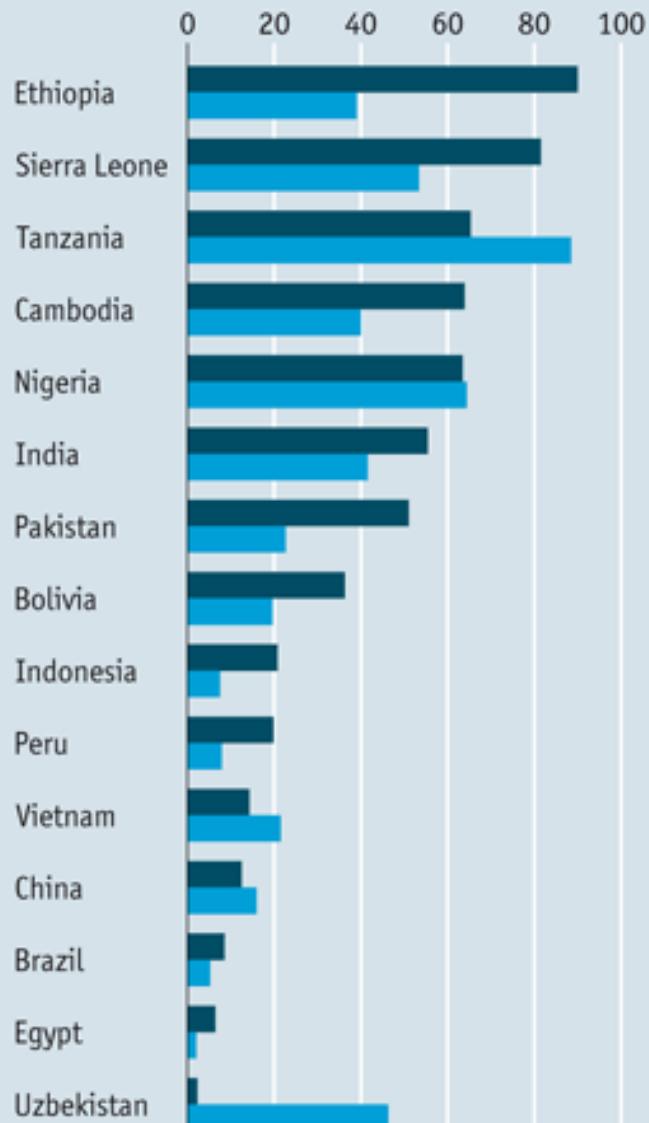


## For richer, for poorer

Population living in poverty, % of total

Selected countries, latest

Multidimensional Poverty Index      Income under \$1.25 a day



Source: Oxford Poverty and Human Development Initiative

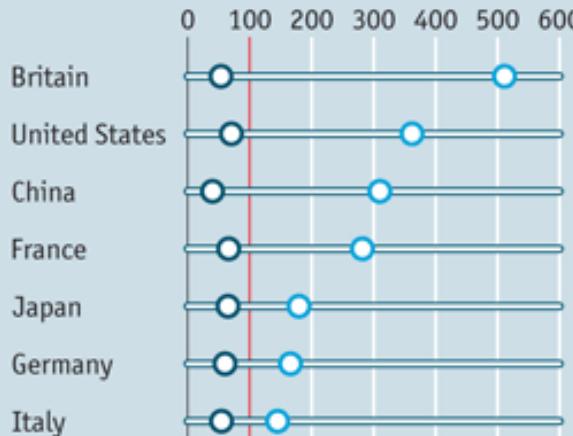
## Divided we stand

1

GDP per person of poorest and richest regions\*

As % of national average, latest

Lowest      Highest



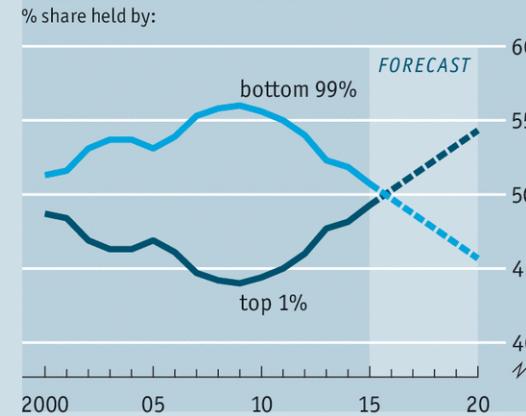
Sources: CEIC; Eurostat;  
OECD; *The Economist*

\*OECD TL3 regions for all  
except United States (states)  
and China (provinces)

## Worth a second glance

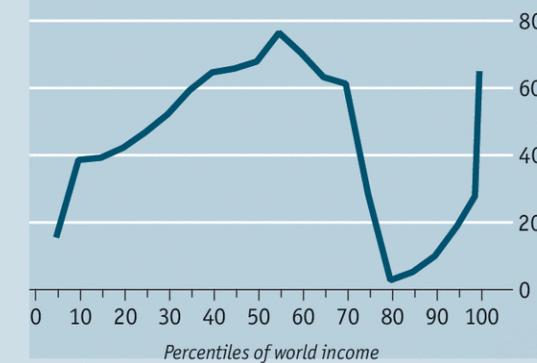
### Global net household wealth

% share held by:



### Real income per person

% change between 1988–2008 for people at different levels of world income distribution at 2005 purchasing-power parity

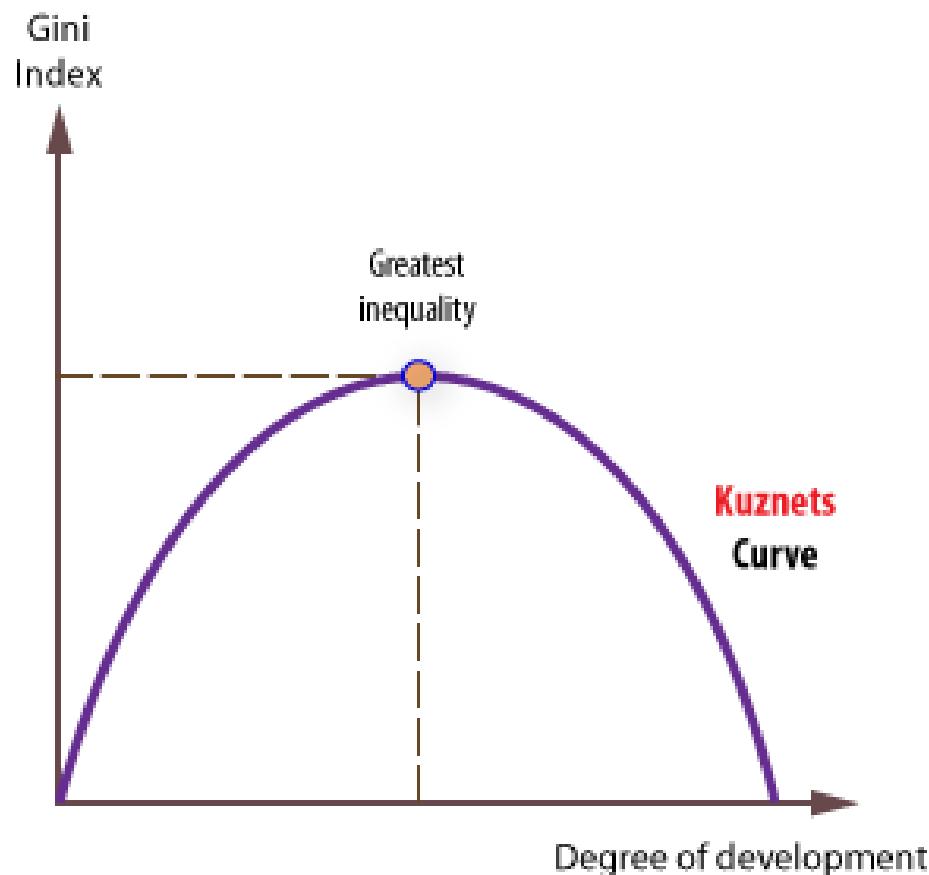


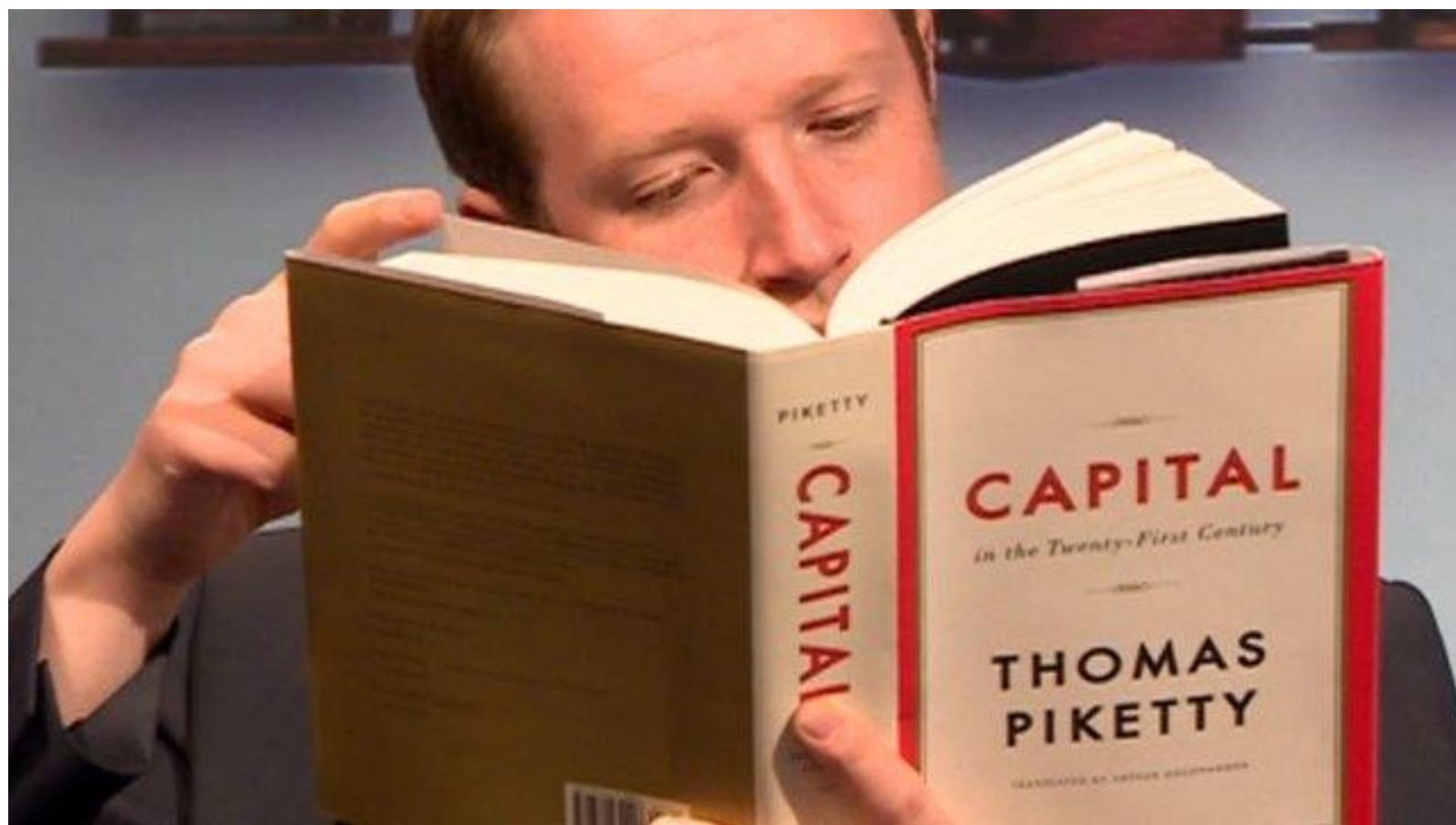
Sources: Credit Suisse; Oxfam; "Global Income Inequality in Numbers", by Branko Milanovic, *Global Policy*, May 2013

# Μερικά συμπεράσματα

- Εισόδημα / Πλούτος
- Η φτώχεια είναι πολυδιάστατο φαινόμενο
- Η παγκόσμια εισοδηματική φτώχεια μειώνεται
- Η εισοδηματική ανισότητα ανάμεσα σε χώρες μειώνεται
- Η εισοδηματική ανισότητα στο εσωτερικό των χωρών αυξάνεται (ατομική / περιφερειακή)
- Το φαινόμενο δεν περιορίζεται στις φτωχότερες χώρες

# Καμπύλη Κούζνετς





BRANKO MILANOVIC

# GLOBAL INEQUALITY

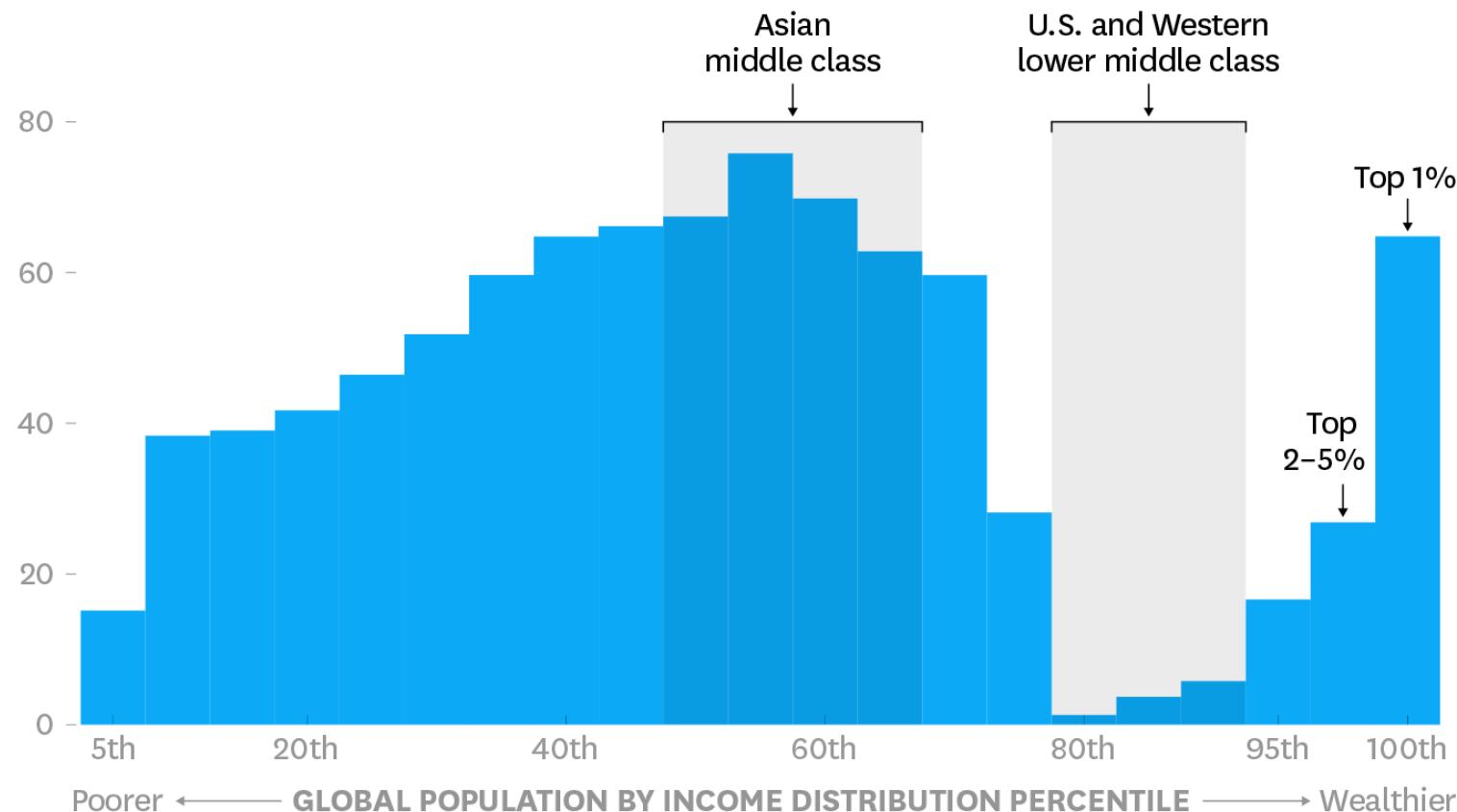
A NEW APPROACH FOR THE AGE  
OF GLOBALIZATION

# Who Has Gained from Globalization

The global 1% and the Asian middle class.

REAL INCOME GAINS IN PERCENTAGE, 1988 TO 2008

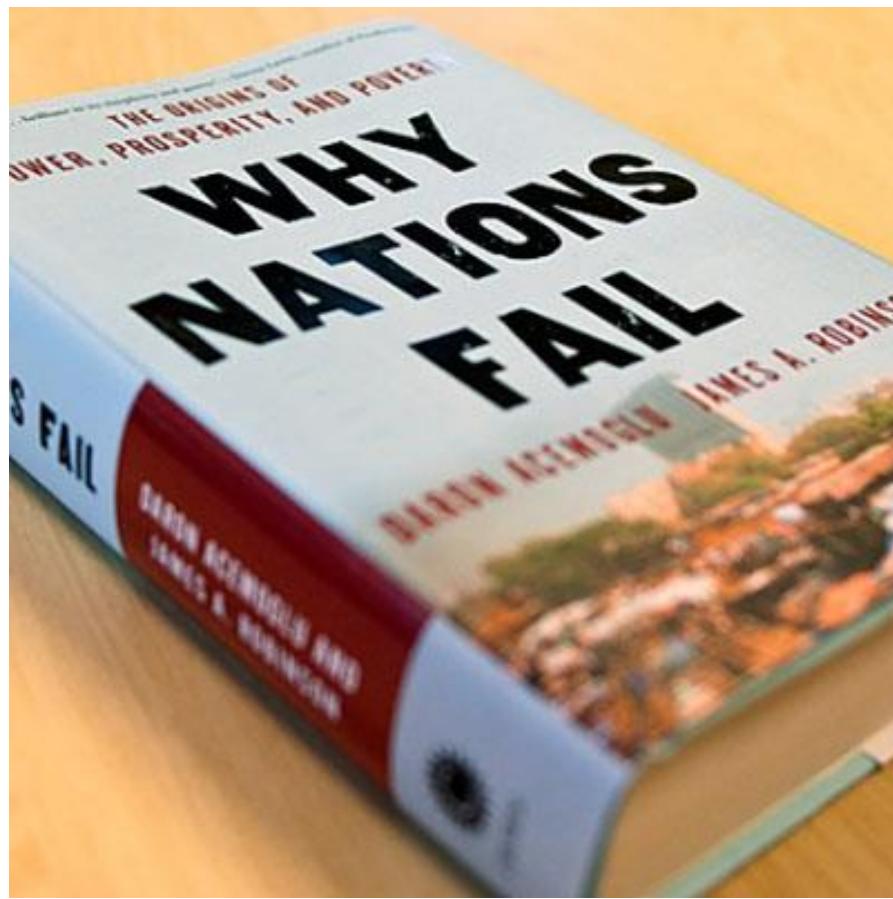
100% -



NOTE INCOMES ARE REAL, PPP-ADJUSTED, IN 2005 DOLLARS.

SOURCE BRANKO MILANOVIC

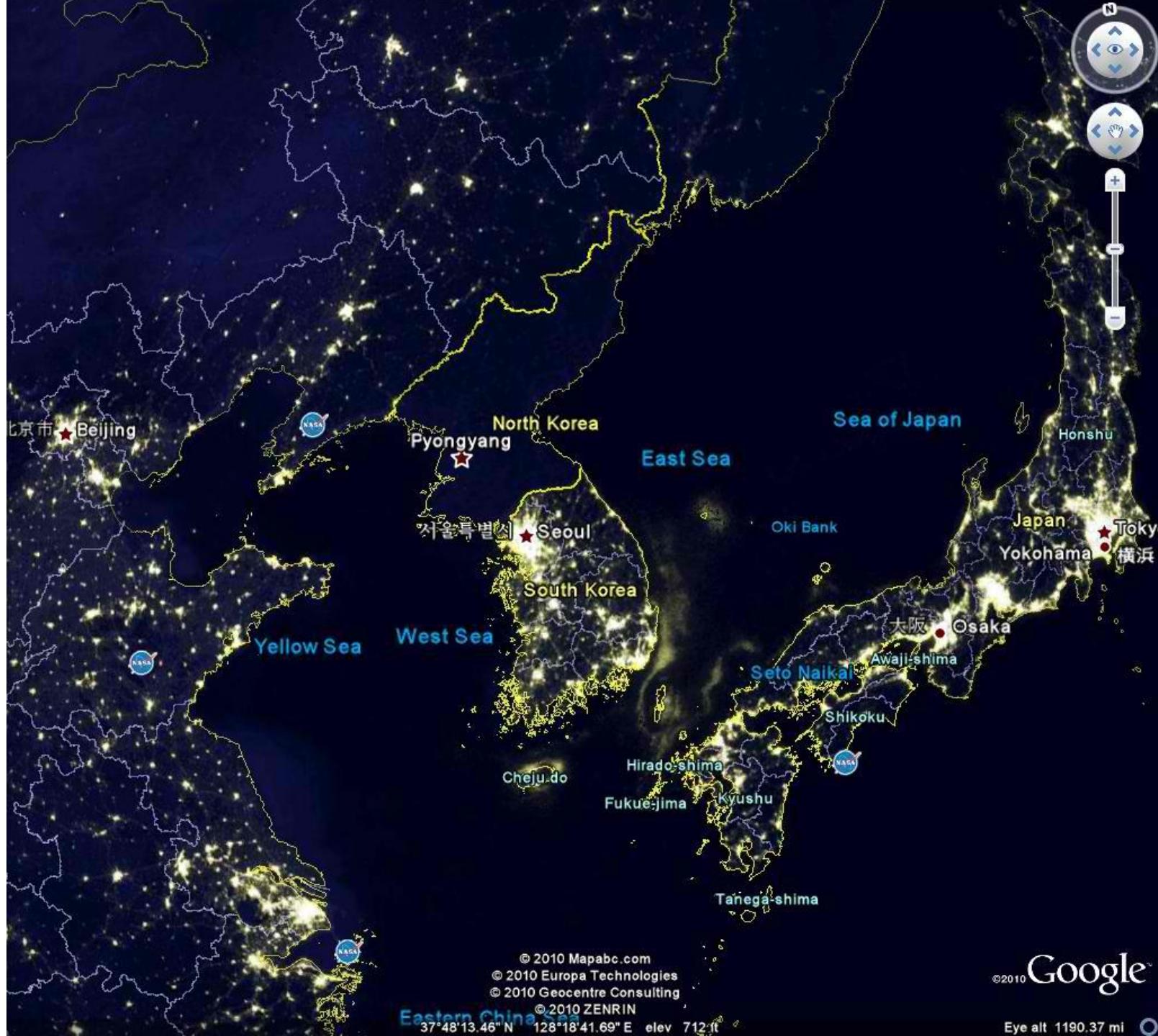
© HBR.ORG

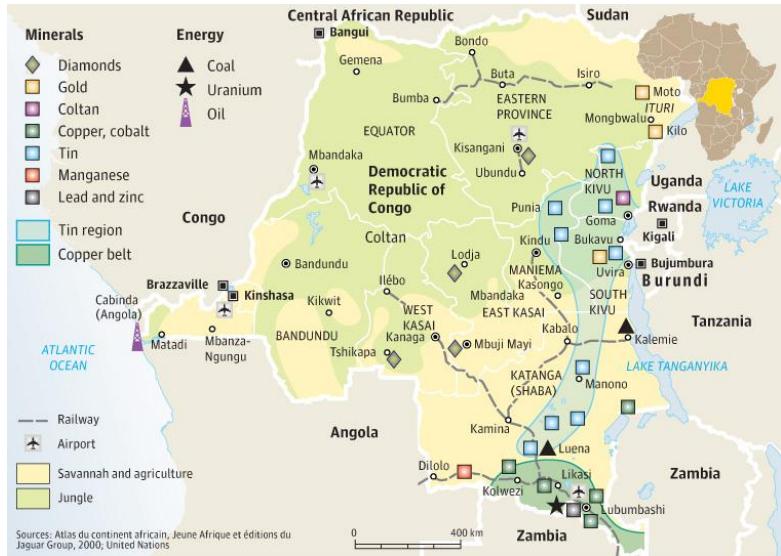




© 2012 Google  
U.S. Dept. of State Geographer







# Ανάπτυξη

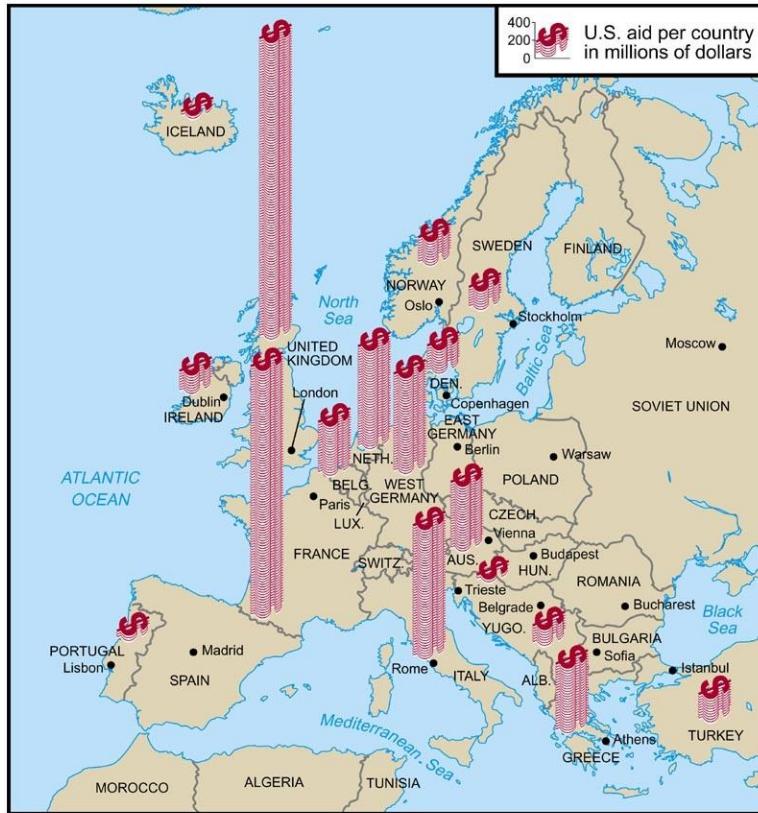
- Σύνθετο φαινόμενο
- Θεσμοί
- Φυσικοί πόροι
- Πολιτισμός / Κουλτούρα

# Κρατική αναπτυξιακή βοήθεια (ODA)

- Δωρητές / Αποδέκτες
- Αναπτυξιακή / Ανθρωπιστική
- Διμερής / πολυμερής
- Απόλυτα νούμερα / Ποσοστό GNI
- ΟΟΣΑ / Άλλοι
- ΛΑΧ – ΧΜΕ – ΧΜ



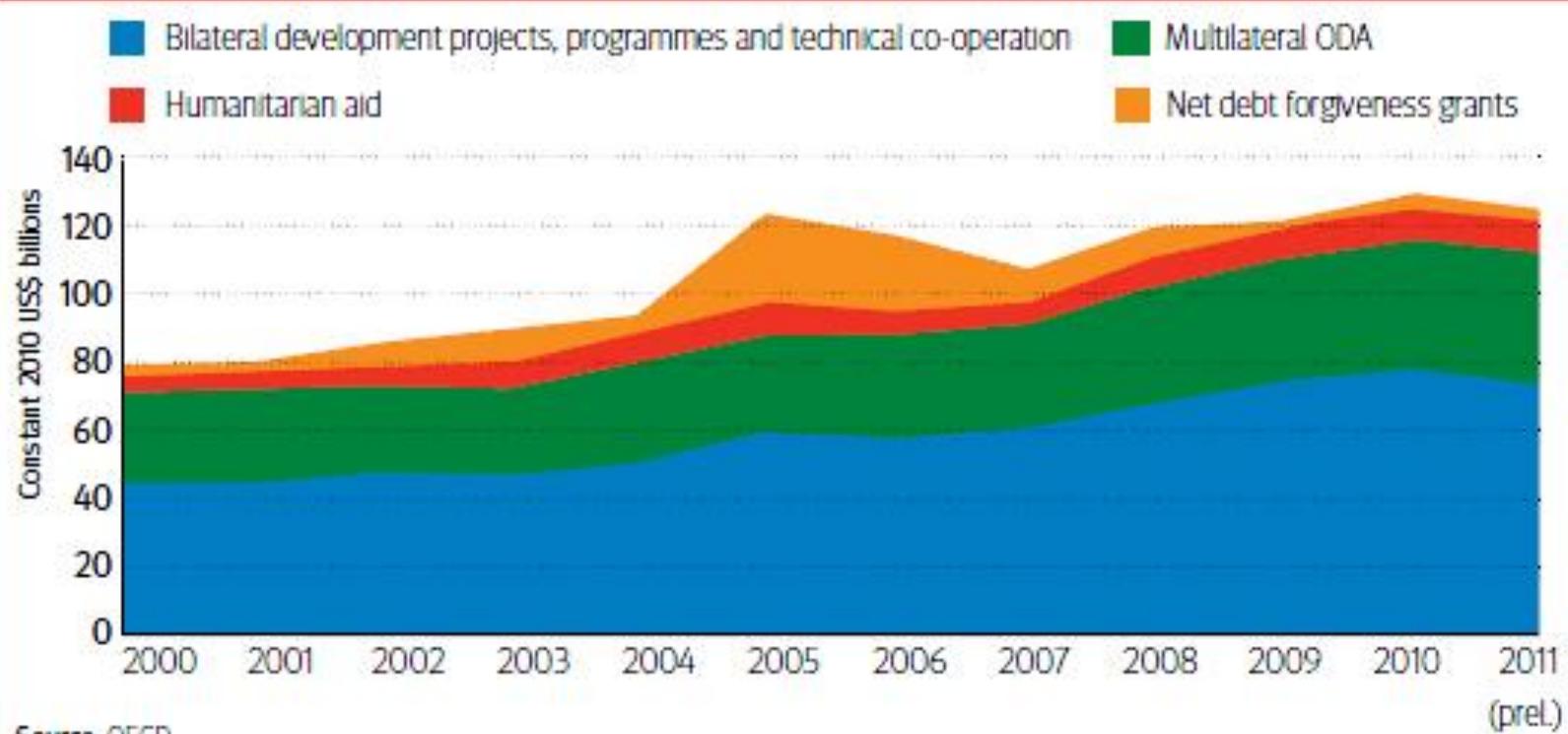
FOR EUROPEAN RECOVERY  
SUPPLIED BY THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



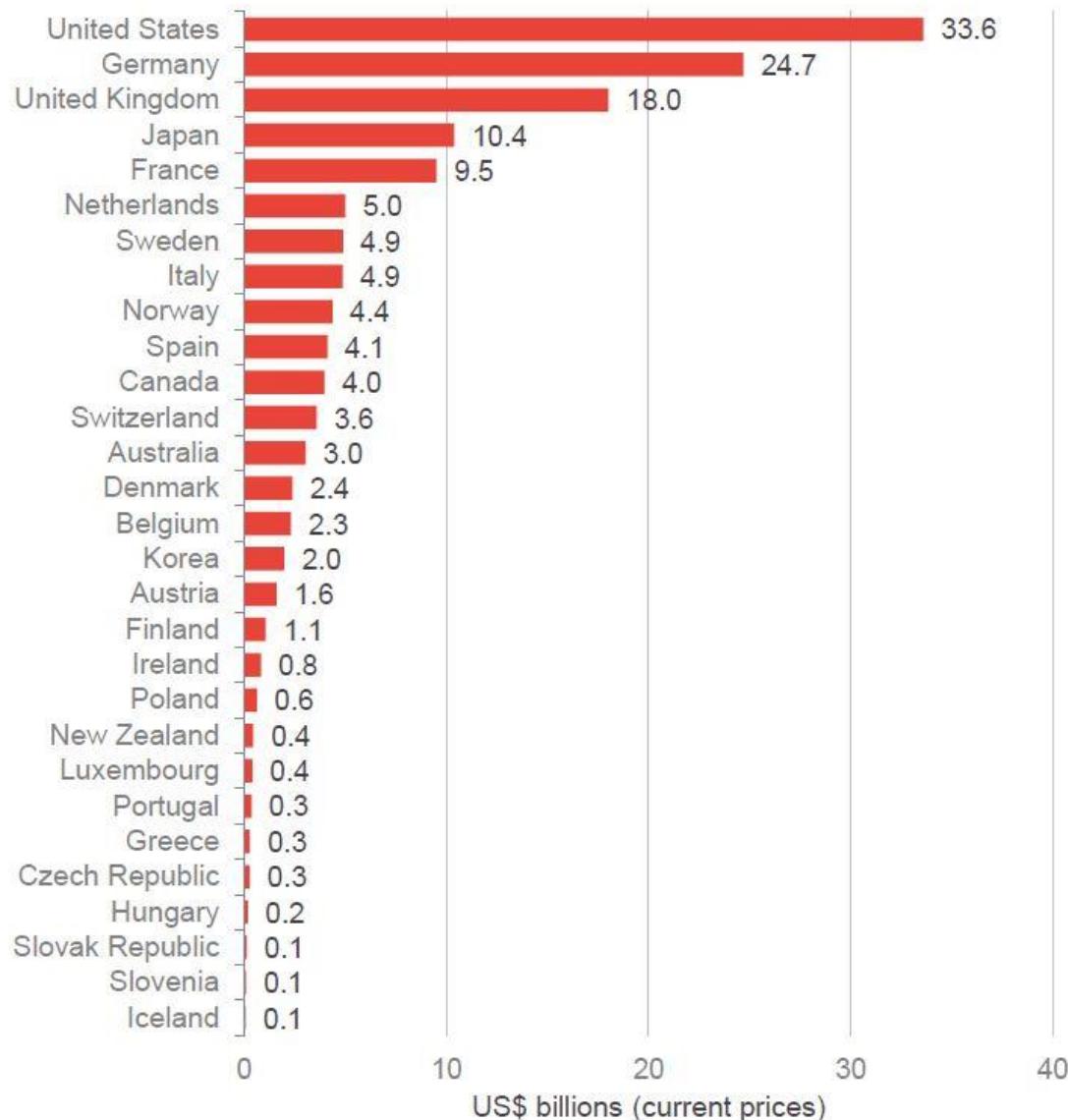
MARSHALL PLAN AID TO EUROPE, 1948-1952

## Development aid dips

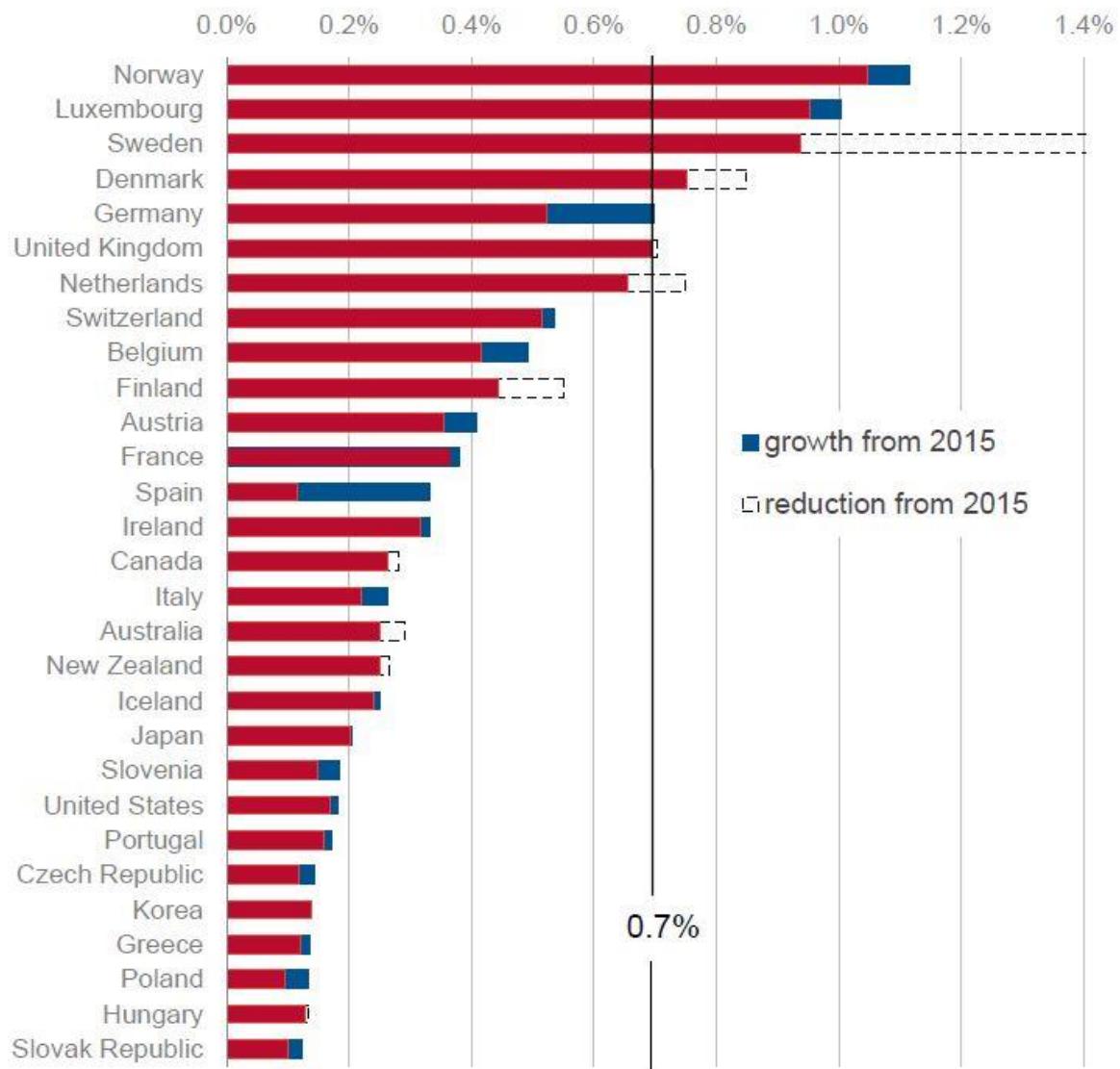
Components of DAC donors' net official development assistance



### Net ODA in 2016 by DAC donor, US\$ billions, current prices



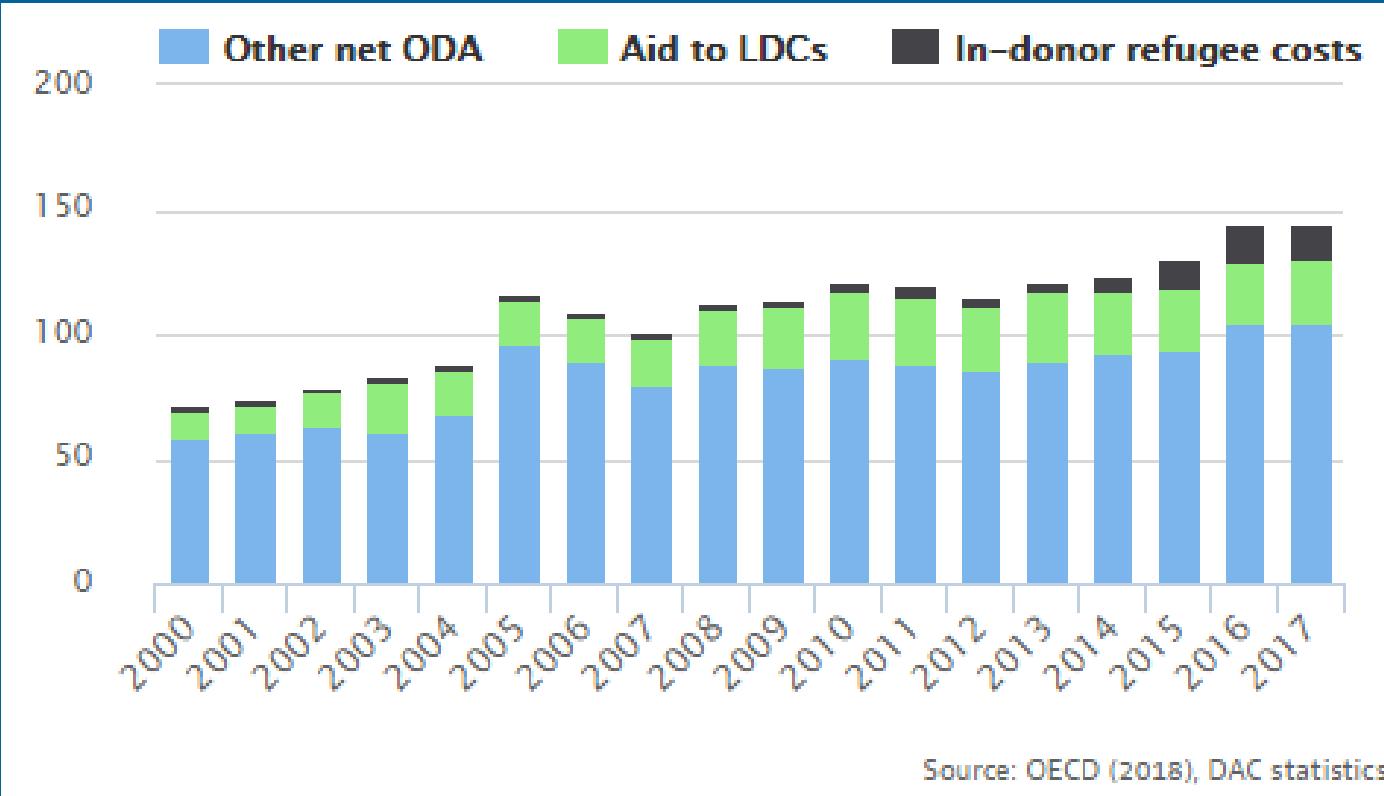
## Changes in net ODA as proportion of GNI from 2015 to 2016

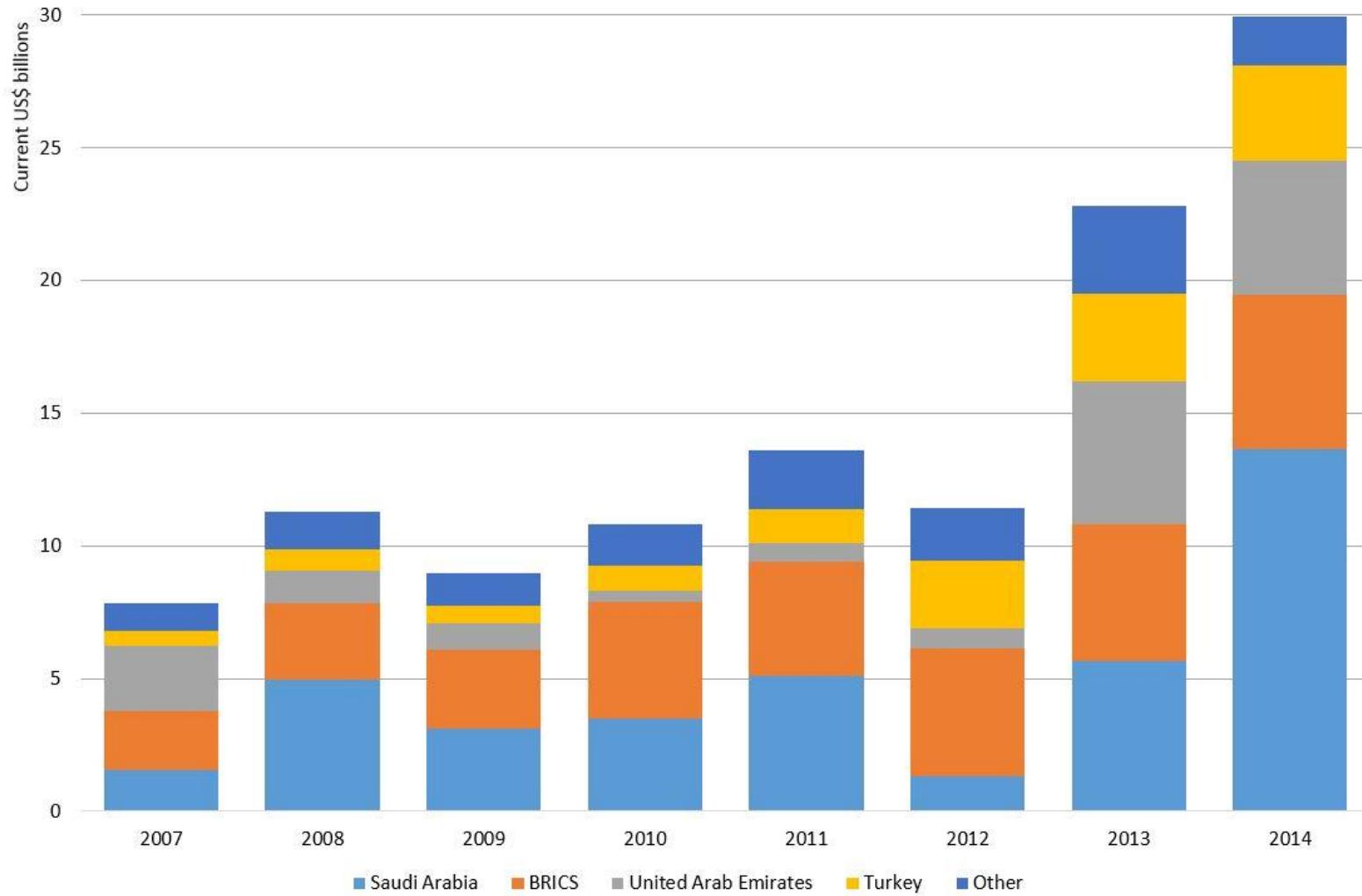




## Development aid stable in 2017 as refugee costs ease

Net ODA, constant 2016 USD billions





## All-source ODA receipts, developing countries, 1983-2013

(constant 2013 US\$, rolling three-year averages)

