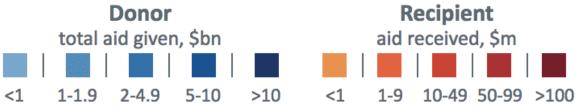
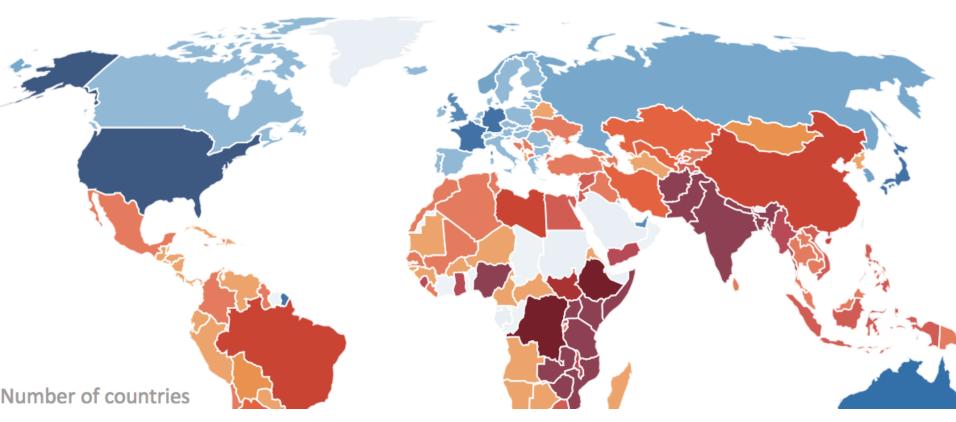
Η Αποτελεσματικότητα της Διεθνούς Αναπτυξιακής Βοήθειας

Αστέρης Χουλιάρας

A game of give and take

Foreign aid by country, 2014*







Gross bilateral ODA, 2014-2015 average, unless otherwise shown

Net ODA

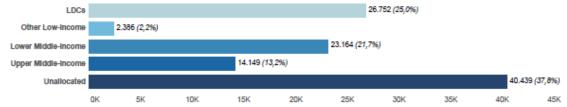
	2014	2015	Change 2014/15
Current (USD m)	137.439,1	131.433,4	-4,4
Constant (2014 USD m)	137.439,1	146.538,2	6,6
National Currency * (million)			
ODA/GNI (%)	0,30	0,30	
Bilateral share (%)	69	72	

Top Ten Recipients of Gross ODA (USD million)

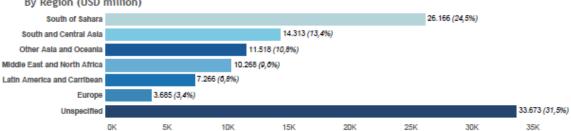
1	Afghanistan	3.828
2	India	3.179
3	Viet Nam	2.623
4	Ethiopia	1.916
5	Indonesia	1.910
6	Pakistan	1.883
7	Syrian Arab Republic	1.721
8	Kenya	1.693
9	Jordan	1.625
10	South Sudan	1.517

Top 5 recipients	139
Top 10 recipients	209
Top 20 recipients	339

By Income Group (USD million)



By Region (USD million)



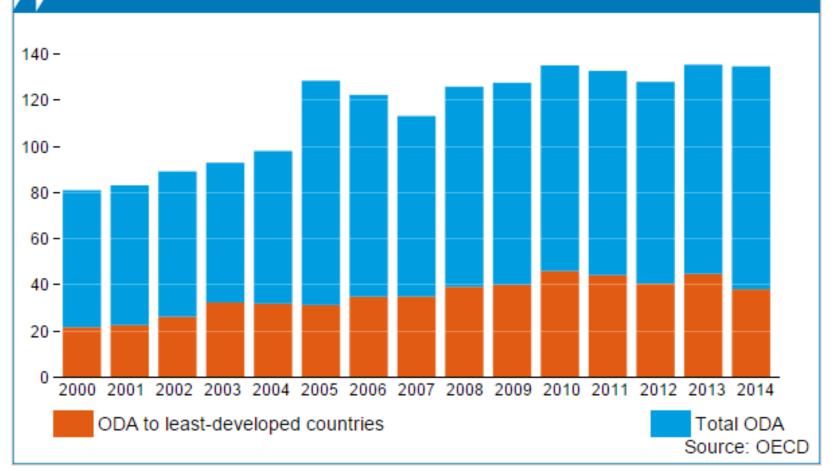
By Sector (commitments)



Source: OECD - DAC; http://www.oecd.org/dac/financing-sustainable-development/development-finance-data/aid-at-a-glance.htm

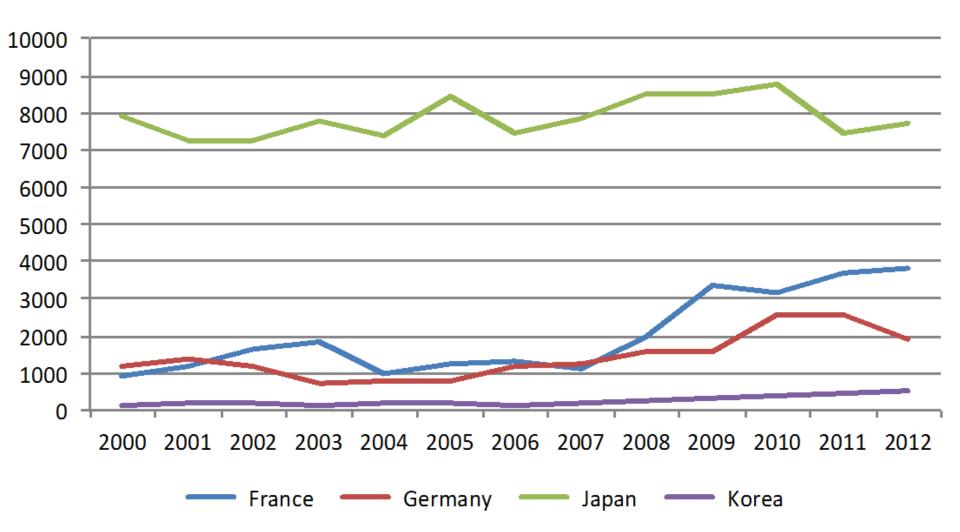
>>

Aid to least-developed countries is falling Share of total ODA going to least-developed countries, in USD billion



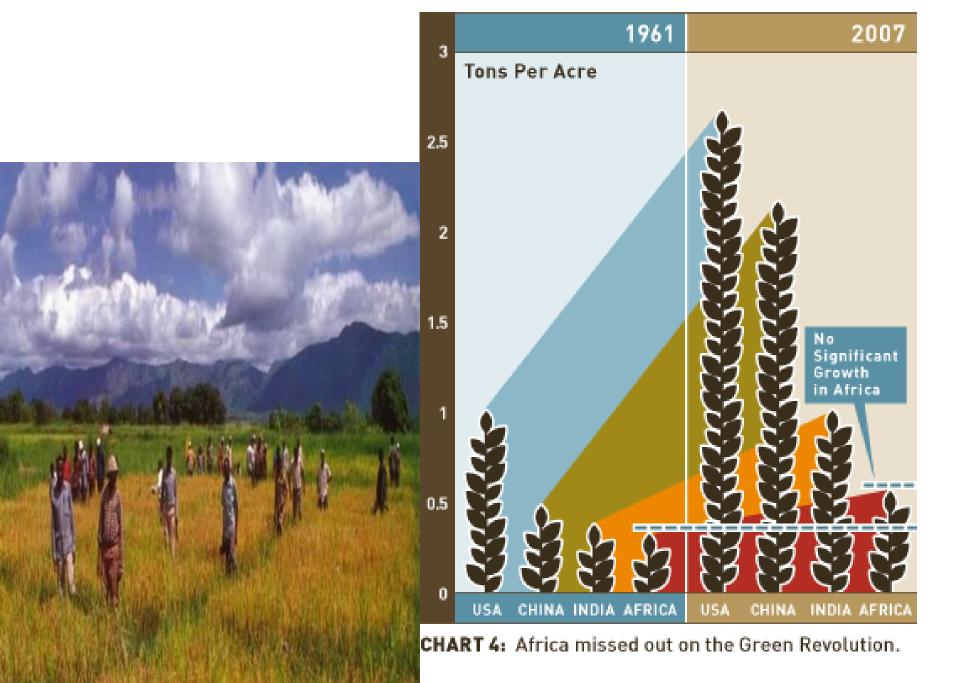
Gross ODA lending

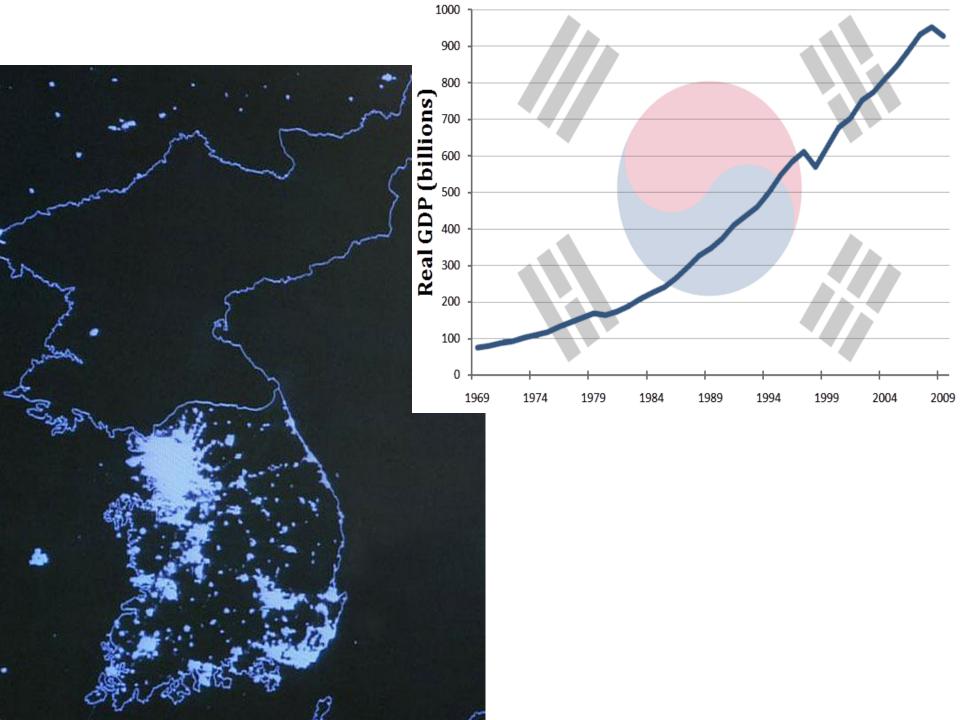
Disbursements, constant 2012 \$USm



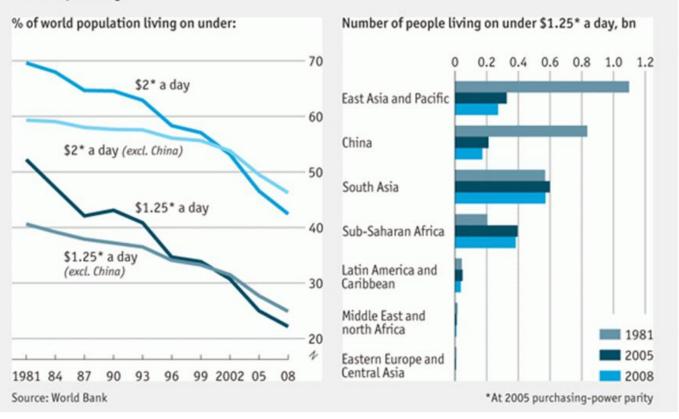








Global poverty



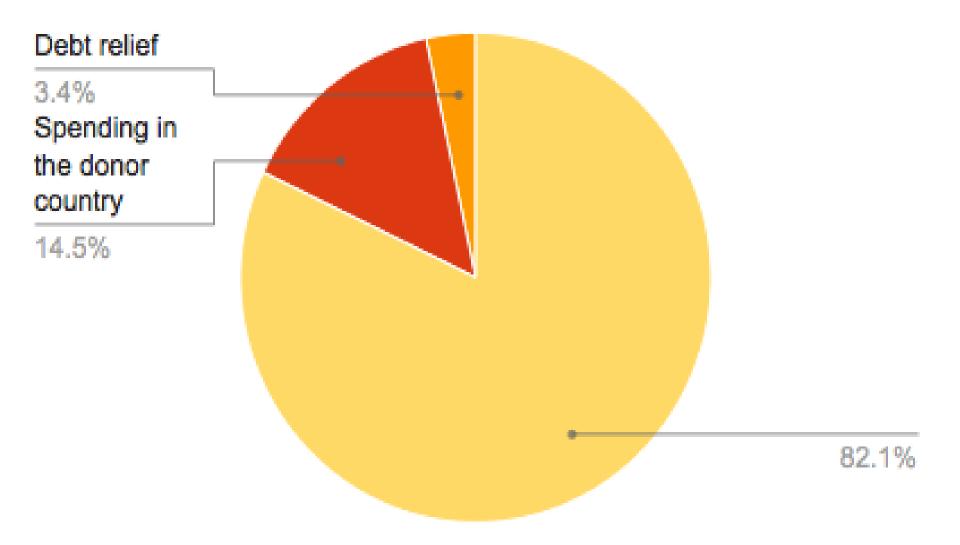






Chart 4

From dictatorships to democracies

Aid increasingly goes to countries with more executive accountability.

(aid and checks on executive authority, average annual percent of net ODA)

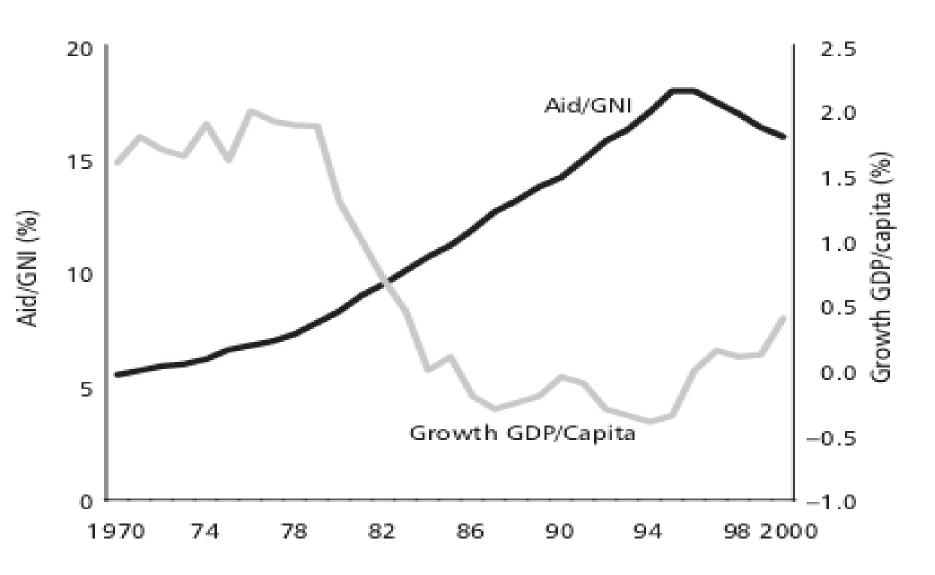


Source: Gelb, Sundberg, and Fitzpatrick (forthcoming). ODA data are from OECD-DAC. Polity IV ratings are from University of Maryland.

Notes: Unlimited executive authority=Polity IV scores of 1-2; some restrictions on executive authority=3-4; substantial restrictions on executive authority=5-7, where 7 is the highest score (mature democracy). Unrated countries are those in anarchy or transition or under foreign interruption (for instance, occupation by a foreign power).

HIGH MASS CONSUMPTION Parl 5 level of development THE DRIVE TO MATURETY PART Park 3 TAKE OFF PRE-CONDITIONS FOR TAKE OFF PART THE TRADITIONAL SOCIETY Part 1 Eime

Figure 1 Aid and growth in Africa (10-year moving average)



Source: World Development Indicators Online

Φταίνε οι δωρητές?

Γεωπολιτικοί στόχοι

Οικονομικά

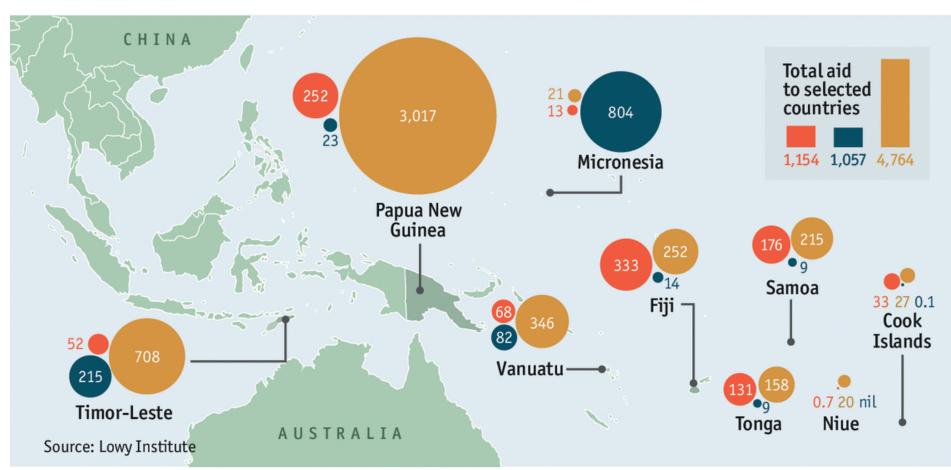
Table 4.Top 10 Recipients of U.S. Foreign Aid in FY2010, FY2011 Request (in millions of current \$)

FY2010 Est.		FY2010 Supp. Req.		FY2011 Request	
Country	Estimated Allocation	Country	Requested Allocation	Country	Requested Allocation
Israel	\$2,775.0	Iraq	\$2,087.4	Afghanistan	\$3,923.7
Afghanistan	\$2,624.1	Afghanistan	\$2,004.0	Pakistan	\$3,053.6
Egypt	\$1,555.7	Pakistan	\$370.0	Israel	\$3,000.0
Pakistan	\$1,457.9			Egypt	\$1,558.0
Jordan	\$693.0			Iraq	\$729.3
Kenya	\$687.7			Kenya	\$714.0
Nigeria	\$614.7			Jordan	\$682.7
Mexico	\$582.7			Nigeria	\$647.7
South Africa	\$577.7			South Africa	\$586. I
Ethiopia	\$533.2			Ethiopia	\$583.5

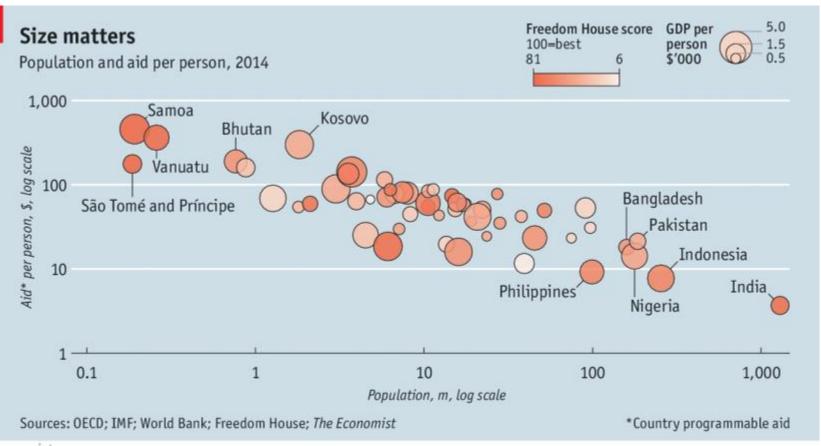
Note: FY2010 figures are preliminary estimates from the State Department/F Bureau and do not include requested supplemental funds. They do, however, include forward funding for FY2010, in the GHCS and FMF accounts, that was provided through FY2009 supplemental appropriations legislation.

Bilateral foreign aid to selected Pacific countries

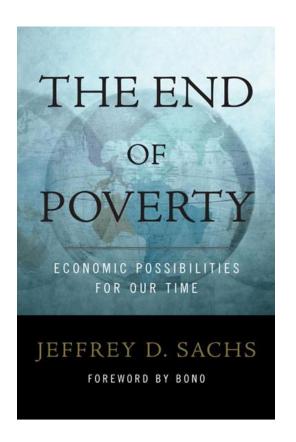
2006-13 total, \$m Aid from: China US Australia

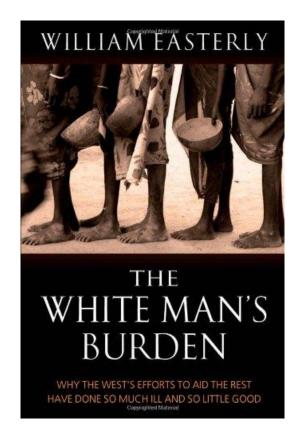


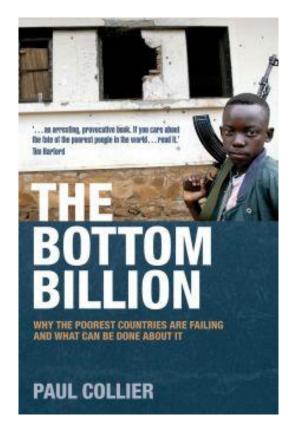
Economist.com



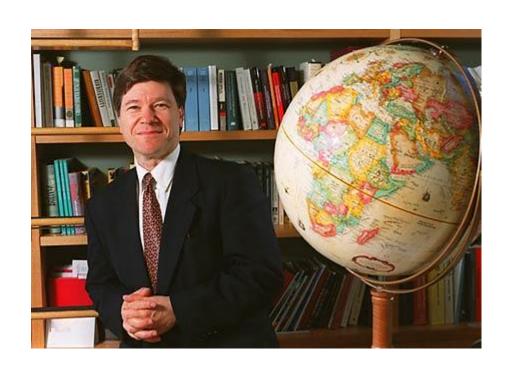
Economist.com

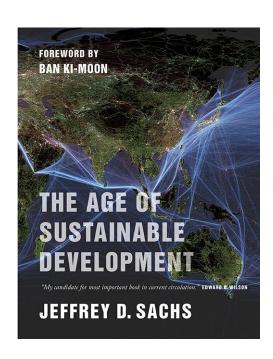




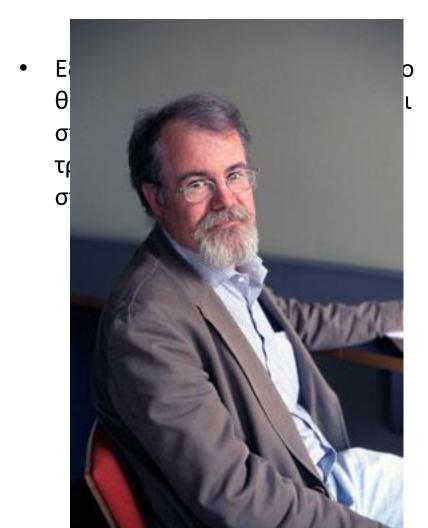


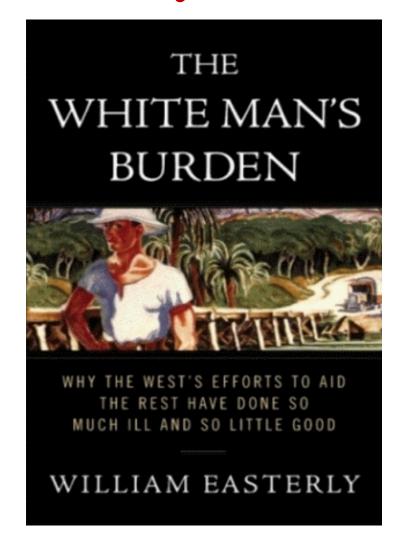
Jeffrey Sachs





William Easterly

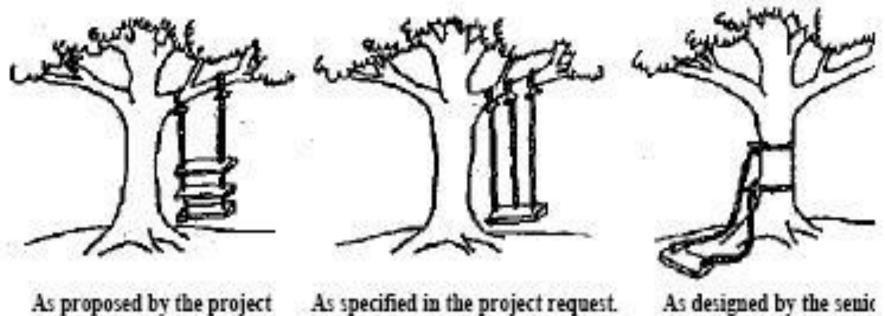




Business Intelligence Perspectives

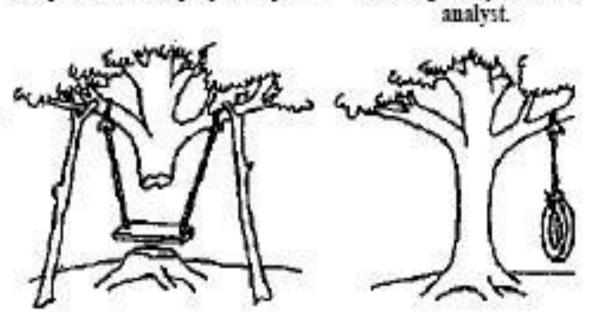
business intelligence i erspectives		
PLANNERS	SEARCHERS	
Plan	No Plan	
Fixed objectives	Variable objectives	
Top down	Bottom up	
Theory/Plan perspective	Experiment/valuate/ Learn perspective	
Confirmatory	Exploratory	
Intelligence tests/confirms hypotheses	Intelligence formulates/ tests/adapts hypotheses	
Theory-based	Evidence-based	
Experts	Analytics	
We know what works	We don't know what works – but will find out	
Outsiders know best	Only insiders know	
Big outcomes	Little victories	
Think they know answers	Know they don't know answers	
Build it and they'll come	Have early success and they won't let you leave	





As proposed by the project sponsor.

As specified in the project request.



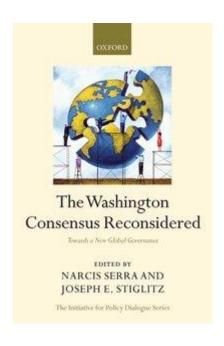
As produced by the programmers.

As installed at the user's site.

What the user wanted.

Αιρεσιμότητες (Conditionalities)

• Οικονομικές



• Πολιτικές



Κοινωνικές αιρεσιμότητες;

- Λογοδοσία
 (accountability)
- Διαφάνεια (transparency)
- Βιωσιμότητα (sustainability)
- Οικειοποίηση (ownership)

- Θετικές αιρεσιμότητες
- Αρνητικές αιρεσιμότητες

Esther Duflo



ABHIJIT V. BANERJEE & ESTHER DUFLO

'A marvellously insightful book by two outstanding researchers on the real nature of poverty.'

AMARTYA SEN

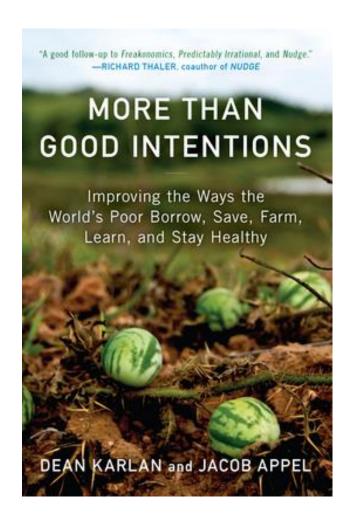
POOR ECONOMICS



rethinking poverty & the ways to end it

Dean Karlan





Η δύναμη της έρευνας placebo



The Aid Effectiveness journey...

HLF-4



Busan 29 Nov - 1Dec 2011



Istanbul principles on CSO effectiveness

HLF-3



Accra Action Agenda

Dili Declaration on Fragile States

Monterrey Consensus

2002

HLF-1

Rome Declaration on Harmonisation

2003

Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness

2005

HLF-2

Bogota Declaration on SSC

2008

2010

2011

Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness (2005)

EuropeAid



http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/11/41/34428351.pdf

The 8 Millennium Development Goals

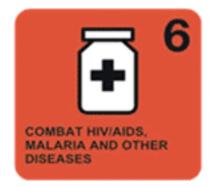


















SUSTAINABLE GCALS DEVELOPMENT GCALS

17 GOALS TO TRANSFORM OUR WORLD



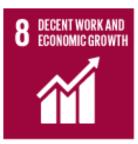


























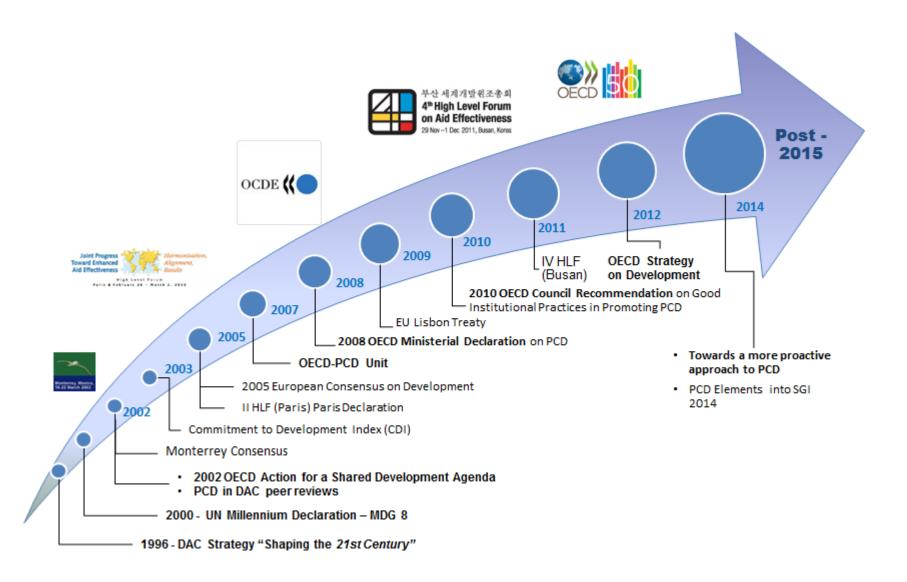






ACCOUNTABILITY PARTICIPATION

Relevance of legal and institutional frameworks Decentralisation Bottom-up approach Human resource capacity Ownership High-level dialogue Adequacy of financial resources Involvement of civil society Planning Coordination Holistic approach Water quality Subsidiarity Quality of service Involvement of women Right to water Solidarity Sound financial management Pricing Communication Equity between rich and poor Information Equity between men and women Rights of the child TRANSPARENCY INCLUSION



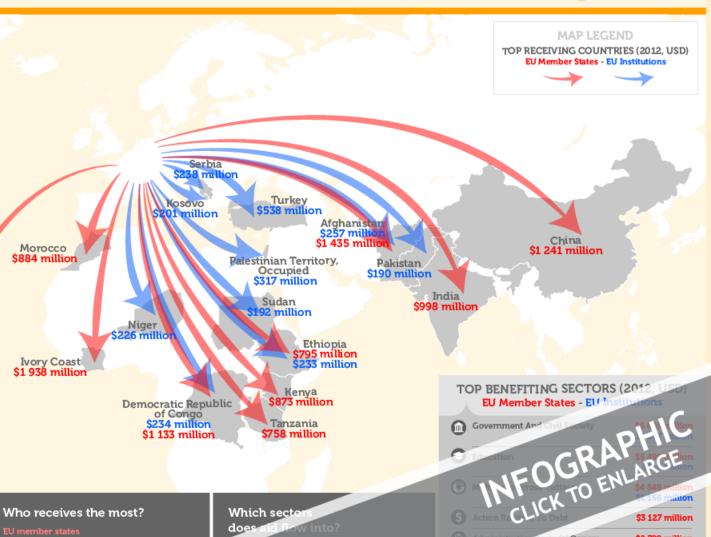
Cash check: Where does EU aid go?

EU: global top donor

Together, the EU institutions and their member states are the biggest financial contributor to development cooperation worldwide. In 2012 alone, more than \$37 billion was donated in monetary aid – not counting loans made by the European Investment Bank.

Brazil

\$1 128 million



EU HUMANITARIAN AID AND DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION 1992-2016

ecdpm

